

FORM
OF
INTERCESSION
WITH
ALMIGHTY GOD

ON BEHALF OF
HIS MAJESTY'S NAVAL AND MILITARY
FORCES NOW ENGAGED IN WAR

TO BE USED

IN ALL CHURCHES AND CHAPELS IN ENGLAND AND
WALES AND IN THE TOWN OF BREWICK-UPON-
TYRE

On such occasions as the BISHOP OF THE DIOCESE
shall appoint

LEEDS

RICHARD JACKSON, Diocesan Printer
16 and 17 Commercial street
S. P. C. K. Depot, Albion Place, Leeds.

I.

THE ORDER OF HOLY COMMUNION.

In the Order of Holy Communion the following shall be used after the Collect and the Prayers for the Epistle and Gospel as followeth

○ GOD, whose never-failing providence directeth all things both in heaven and earth. We humbly beseech thee to put away from us all hurtful things, and to give us those things which be profitable for us; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

○ GOD, who hast taught us in thy holy Word that thou dost not willingly afflict the children of men: Grant that, in the present time of warfare and distress of nations, our people may know thy presence, and obey thy will: Remove from us arrogance and feebleness; give us courage and loyalty, tranquillity and self-control, that we may accomplish that which thou givest us to do, and endure that which thou givest us to bear. O thou who art the hope of all the ends of the earth and of them that remain in the broad sea, hear us in thy mercy, for his sake who was lifted up on the Cross to draw all men unto him, Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epistle. Philippians iv. 6.

Be careful for nothing; but in every thing by prayer and supplication with thanksgiving let your requests be made known unto God. And the peace of God, which passeth all understanding, shall keep your hearts and minds through Christ Jesus.

The Gospel. St. Matthew vii. 7.

Ask, and it shall be given you; seek, and ye shall find; knock, and it shall be opened unto you. For every one that asketh receiveth; and he that

ye shall say, that he will give it, that it shall be given you. Or what need is there of you, whom if ye shall offend, ye will be given him a stone? Or if ye shall offend him, he will give him a serpent? If ye thus know evil, know how to give good gifts unto your Father in heaven. How much more shall your Father which is in heaven give good things to them that ask him? Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them: for this is the law and the prophets.

Before bidding the people to pray for the whole state of Christ's Church militant here in earth, the Priest shall say:

Let us pray for the help and guidance of God in this time of trouble.

Let us pray for those to whom is committed the government of the nation, that they may act with wisdom and courage.

Let us pray for the sailors and soldiers of our King.

Let us pray for the sick and wounded, whether our own or of the enemy; and let us commend to the mercy of God those who fall in the service of their country.

Let us pray that peace may be restored, and that the issues of the war may be over-ruled for the glory of God and the enlargement of his kingdom.

Before the Blessing shall be said this Prayer following:

Remember, O Lord, what thou has wrought in us, and not what we deserve; and, as thou hast called us to thy service, make us worthy of our calling; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

II.

THE LITANY.

In the Litany between the petition That it may please thee to bless and keep all thy people and the petition That it may please thee to give to all nations unity, peace and concord, shall be recited the following:

That it may please thee to give thy guidance and protection to all who bear command by sea or by land;

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord

That it may please thee to inspire the sailors and soldiers of our King with courage and endurance, with gentleness in victory and patience in reverses, and to shield those who are called to posts of special peril;

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord

That it may please thee to comfort all that are in anxiety or sorrow, to cheer the sick and wounded, and to show thyself in mercy to the dying;

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

III.

A FORM OF INTERCESSION.

All kneeling, the Minister shall say

GOD is our refuge and strength: a very present help in trouble.

Let us confess our sins to Almighty God.

O MIGHTY and merciful God, our Redeemer and our Judge: We come before thee confessing our many sins, and all our forgetfulness of thee in the time of our wealth. Pardon, we beseech thee, all these our offences, and cleanse us from our sins. Hear us, O Lord, for thy mercy is great; and after the multitude of thy mercies look upon us;

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through the merits and mediation of thy blessed Son, Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen

O God, whose nature and property is ever to have mercy and to forgive: Receive our humble petitions, and though we be tied and bound with the chain of our sins, yet let the clemency of thy great mercy loose us; for the honour of Jesus Christ, our Mediator and Advocate. Amen

Then, all standing, shall be said one or more of the Psalms following:

God reigneth. Psalms 20, 146.
God our refuge. Psalms 25, 27, 46, 90.
God comforteth. Psalms 23, 34.
God helpeth. Psalms 42, 71, 91.

Then shall be read one of the Lessons following:

1 Kings viii. 51-62. St Matthew v. 1-12.
Isaiah lxiii. 7-16. St Luke xi. 1-13.
1 Timothy ii. 1-8.
1 Peter v. 6-11.

Then, all kneeling, the Minister shall say:
Let us pray.

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name, Thy kingdom come, Thy will be done, in earth as it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, As we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil: For thine is the kingdom, the power, and the glory, For ever and ever. Amen.

LET thy merciful ears, O Lord, be open to the prayers of thy humble servants; and that they may obtain their petitions make them to ask such things as shall please thee; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

5
Then shall the prayers of the people be asked to followeth, and after each bidding silence for be kept for a space.

Let us pray for the King and all in authority
(Pause for silent prayer)

○ LORD God Almighty, guide, we pray thee, our Sovereign, and all those to whom thou hast committed the government of our nation and empire; and grant to them at this time special gifts of wisdom and understanding, of counsel and strength; that upholding what is right, and following what is true, they may obey thy holy will, and fulfil thy divine purpose; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Let us pray for the sailors and soldiers of our King.
(Pause for silent prayer.)

○ ALMIGHTY Lord God, the Father and Protector of all that trust in thee: We commend to thy fatherly goodness the men who through perils of war are serving this nation; beseeching thee to take into thine own hand both them and the cause wherein their King and country send them. Be thou their strength when they are set in the midst of so many and great dangers. Make all bold through death or life to put their trust in thee, who art the only giver of victory, and canst save by many or by few; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Let us pray for the sick and wounded, whether our own or of the enemy, and for all who minister to them.

(Pause for silent prayer.)

ALMIGHTY God, who dost look down in fatherly love upon all who suffer: We beseech thee to hear our humble prayers for the wounded and the sick: give to each one of them thy help, in spirit and in body, according to his need; sanctify him,

...and, if it be thy will, restore him; and
 in thy redeeming love have mercy on the fallen.
 All this we ask through the mediation of thy Son,
 Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*

○ MERCIFUL God, whose blessed Son went
 about doing good: Uphold with thy strength
 and grace those who do service to the wounded and
 the sick; grant to the ministers of thy gospel faith-
 fulness and love, to the physicians and surgeons
 wisdom and skill, to the nurses sympathy and
 patience; and we beseech thee to protect and bless
 them, in all dangers, anxieties and labours; through
 Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

Let us pray for those who are in anxiety and
 in sorrow.

(Pause for silent prayer.)

ALMIGHTY God, who art afflicted in the
 afflictions of thy people: Regard with thy
 tender compassion the anxious and the bereaved;
 bear their sorrows and their cares; give them
 comfort and peace in thee; supply all their mani-
 fold needs; and help both them and us to learn the
 lessons of thy fatherly discipline; through Jesus
 Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

Let us pray for those who are in poverty and in
 need.

(Pause for silent prayer.)

○ HEAVENLY Father, who by thy blessed Son
 hast taught us to ask of thee our daily bread:
 Have compassion on them who through this war are
 brought to poverty or hunger; relieve their distress;
 make plain the way of help; and grant thy grace
 unto us all, that we may bear each other's burdens
 according to thy will; through Jesus Christ our
 Lord. *Amen*.

Let us pray that peace may be restored.

(Pause for silent prayer.)

○ ALMIGHTY God, the refuge of all them that
 put their trust in thee: We turn to thee in
 this time of trouble; direct the course of this world,

we humbly beseech thee in all wisdom, O Lord, thy holy will; take away all that ever hindereth the nations from unity and concord: that all contentions which make for the restoration of a faithful and abiding peace. And that we ask, for thy mercy's sake, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Let us pray that the present distress may be over ruled for the advancement of God's Kingdom.

(Pause for silent prayer.)

○ ALMIGHTY God, who canst turn all that is evil, and makest even the wrath of man to turn to thy praise. We beseech thee so to order and dispose the issue of this war, that we may be brought through strife to a lasting peace; and that the nations of the world may be united in a firmer fellowship for the promotion of thy glory and the good of all mankind, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

○ ALMIGHTY God, who alone canst order the unruly wills and affections of sinful men: Grant unto thy people, that they may love the thing which thou commandest, and desire that which thou dost promise; that so, among the sundry and manifold changes of the world, our hearts may surely there be fixed, where true joys are to be found, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

ALMIGHTY God, the fountain of all wisdom, who knowest our necessities before we ask, and our ignorance in asking: We beseech thee to have compassion upon our infirmities; and those things which for our unworthiness we dare not, and for our blindness we cannot ask, vouchsafe to give us, for the worthiness of thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Ghost, be with us all evermore. Amen.

Note, That any of the Collects herein contained may be used, at the discretion of the Minister, among the Special Prayers at Morning or Evening Prayer, or at other times.



How will YOU help?

It is inevitable that enormous privation and suffering will be caused through this terrible **WAR**.

Everyone can help in some form or other, and the following are a few branches of usefulness:

To promote Ambulance work, give instruction in Nursing and the care of the sick, or take lessons in that subject, and assist in procuring Nurses to accompany the forces in the field or to serve in the military hospitals.

To see that the families of the Regulars, Reservists, and Territorials (many of whom have had to give up their ordinary occupations) are either aided or to defend our Island from the attacks of the enemy of the bread winner of the family.

To arrange to make a room in a private house, or to provide clothing for the Red Cross, for the wounded, or for the sick, and to visit and comfort the sick and wounded.

To make arrangements to visit the sick and wounded in the military hospitals, or to visit the sick and wounded in the military hospitals, or to visit the sick and wounded in the military hospitals.

To provide entertainment for the sick and wounded in the military hospitals, or to provide entertainment for the sick and wounded in the military hospitals.

A Public Meeting will be held in the Victoria Hall, Settle, on Wednesday, the 19th instant, at 7-30 p.m.

THOS. BRAYSHAW,

For the FRONT!

It is proposed to give a good

“SEND-OFF”

to the men of the

Settle Company

Who have responded to Mr. Tunstill's appeal for recruits
to join

His Majesty's Army,

And have volunteered to go to the Front.

It is expected that they will leave Settle on Saturday, the 19th inst., but it is impossible at present to speak with certainty. The suggested programme includes a SUPPER and ENTERTAINMENT the Evening before departure, and the provision of Refreshments for the railway journey, whilst every member of the Company will be asked to accept some small memento in the shape of an article of clothing or otherwise.

In order to have proper organization it is requested that anyone who is willing to give financial or other help will communicate with

THOS. BRAYSHAW,

Hon. Sec. Settle War Relief Fund.

For King



and Country

Mr

FAREWELL DINNER

Ashfield Hotel, Settle, on Saturday, the 19th September, 1914.

The Dinner is given by the
a few Settle gentlemen, who
who have cheerfully volunteered
and be, go to the front.

PATRIOTISM
HIS MAJESTY'S ARMY.

DINNER at 1/30 to be followed by a SOCIAL EVENING at the
Victoria Hall, Settle. at 8 p.m.

Friends of the Recruits will be invited to the Entertainment at the Victoria Hall.

"TUNSTILL'S TROOP" DEPART FROM SETTLE.

Last week-end was a stirring time in Settle, as for the first time for many a long year it witnessed the assembling and departure of a company of recruits for the Regular Army. Mr. Tunstall concluded his successful tour, which he had undertaken for the purpose of raising a "Settle Company" for Lord Kitchener's Army, on Friday evening, and the men were instructed to muster at Settle on Saturday. They met at the Victoria Hall, where they were passed by Captain Tee and other officers. After a brief interval they again assembled on the Cricket Field, where they were instructed in a little elementary drill. A body of ten local gentlemen banded themselves together to entertain the recruits and offer them a little hospitality so as to show their appreciation of the men's patriotism. At 6-30 a dinner was provided at the "Ashfield" and "Golden Lion" Hotels for a company of 113. Mr. Morrison presided at the former place and Mr. Simpson (Catteral Hall) at the latter. During the meal a spray of white heather given by Mr. J. Harrison, was presented to each man, and mineral waters were given by Mr. Thomas Dawson. At the close only two toasts were given, "The King," and "Success to Mr. Tunstall's Settle Company."

After cigars (presented by Mr. and Mrs. Green) had been smoked, a procession, headed by the Settle Brass Band, and comprising the recruits, a small body of Territorials home on leave, and the hosts, wended its way to the Victoria Hall. Before the programme commenced the band played the National Anthems of each of the allied nations. At the entertainment Mr. Morrison made a few remarks, and an excellent musical programme was given by a talented company, comprising Messrs. George Herd, K. Hamby, C. A. Milford, Fredk. Lord, Edwd. Lord, and W. W. Thornier. Brief addresses were interspersed by Mr. Tunstall and Col. Birkbeck. An interval was utilised for the purpose of presenting to each man a new parcel containing a shirt, a handkerchief, and a pair of bootlaces (all given by Mr. and Mrs. W. Dawson, except 24 shirts from Miss Carter), a pair of socks, a brier pipe and a 4oz. tin of tobacco from the local War Relief Committee, a tin of boracic powder from Mr. Calvert, a Testament from Mrs. Farrer, and fruit from Mr. W. F. Clark. The distribution was prefaced by a few appropriate remarks from Mr. John Moore, the chairman of the Reception Committee, and the parcels were handed round by Messrs. J. W. Butterworth, C. J. Lord, A. Stockill, J. L. Brayshaw, Dr. Hyslop, and the other hosts. During the evening four more recruits were sworn in, two of them on the platform, so as to emphasise the serious nature of the obligations entered into by the men.

A vote of thanks to the performers, proposed by Mr. Simpson, brought an enjoyable evening to an end. Before leaving each man received cigarettes from Mrs. Lovegrove and Mrs. J. W. Hesleden. Most of the men went back to their homes for Sunday, but 35 of these from the more distant parts of the district were billeted at Dickinson's Temperance Hotel and at the "Naked Man" Hotel. They were hospitably entertained at night by Messrs. Moore, Butterworth, W. Dawson, and T. Harger, and most of them attended Settle Church. The Conservative and Liberal Clubs were also thrown open for their use.

THE DEPARTURE.

The men, 86 in number, paraded in the Market Place at 7 o'clock on Monday morning, and after a little preliminary drill and other instructions, and a parting speech by Mr. Morrison, fell in behind the Settle Band, who once more lent their services in the public-spirited manner they have displayed throughout the war. It could then be seen what a sturdy and likely looking lot of men they were. A great proportion of them were from the country farms, and it would be difficult to find a more promising set of recruits. Each member of the Company wore a white armlet bearing the words, "Kitchener's Man" in red letters, and very proud of their "uniform" the gallant fellows were. Escorted by a dense crowd, which included Mr. Morrison and many well-known residents, the Company marched in good style to the station, at times singing "It's a long long way to Tipperary" (which Mr. George Herd had given with great effect on Saturday) with great gusto. In the interval before the train started they were each presented with a meat pie and grapes from Mrs. Birkbeck, fruit from Mr. Clark, a cigar from Mr. James Hunt, and a packet of cigarettes from Mrs. Nicholson (Inghfield Hall). The Settle men were especially favoured. In addition to the above gifts they each received socks from Mrs. Birkbeck, and a tin of cigarettes from Miss Gebiard. Mr. Christie, Mr. T. Dixon, Mr. D. H. Brayshaw, Mr. G. Thorpe, Rev. A. Ingham, and others also rendered financial or other help to the "send-off." Reassuring cheers were given for the men, fond farewells were said, the National Anthem was sung, and amidst the waving of handkerchiefs, the detonation of fog-signals, and hearty expressions of goodwill, Settle sent out a body of men to fight for their country of whom the whole district may well be proud.

A Magnificent Reception.

The men, along with many others, de-trained at Steeton, and during their march from there to Keighley had a magnificent reception, walking the whole way through cheering crowds, until they arrived at the Keighley Town Hall Square, where they were inspected by the Mayor (Mr. W. A. Brigg), and Captain Tee. Subsequently cheers were called for by the men for the Mayor, Captain Tee and Mr. Tunstall. The men left by a special train at 2-30, en route for Halifax, where they were billeted for two nights at the Victoria Hall. They were again inspected on Tuesday by Colonel Thorold, who publicly thanked Mr. Tunstall before the men for his great service to his country in obtaining such a fine body of men to enlist with him.

Seeing the Soldiers off at Silsden.

Large crowds journeyed to the Silsden and Steeton Station on Monday ready to meet the 9-20 train, the appointed time for the recruits arriving from Settle, Grassington, Cowling, Ilkley, Earby, Menston, Addingham, Burley, and Skipton, numbering well over 200. On arrival of the various contingents, they were formed into marching order in the station goods yard, under the command of Captain Tee. The Silsden Brass Band (many of whom attended at great personal sacrifice) headed the procession, and greatly enlivened the proceedings with patriotic melodies, including "It's a long, long way to Tipperary." On arrival at the Town Hall Square a formal reception took place, when the Mayor (Mr. W. A. Brigg) offered the men a welcome on behalf of the Borough of Keighley, and wished them "God-speed" on their journey to the training camp. Afterwards the men went to the public swimming baths, and later were provided with dinner at the expense of the Mayor, who treated the band in a similar manner. Shortly after dinner the recruits marched to the station, which was densely packed with people, and as the special train for Halifax steamed out a number of fog signals were fired, the "Farewell March" being played by the band. The members of the Silsden Brass Band also gave their services on Wednesday evening, when they went through a programme in the Town Hall Square, Keighley.

The Roll of Honour.

The following men have answered the appeal by joining the Settle Company of the 10th Battalion of the Duke of Wellington's West Riding Regiment:—

From Austwick.—William Hoyle, Wilson Pritchard, Samuel Shepherd, Fred Swale, John William Thistlewaite, George Thistlewaite.

Airton.—Kayley Earnshaw.

Arnccliffe.—Percy Hodgson, John Simpson.

Bolton-by-Bowland.—Irvine Clark, Jim Coates, Richard Davies Ellison, Harold Greenhow, Edward Victor Grubb, James Mason, Robert Singleton, Joseph Chapman Syers.

Bell Busk.—Leonard Fox.

Clapham.—Albert Edward Drury, Arthur Herbert Procter.

Grindleton.—William Irvin Bell, James Wilding Clarkson, Joshua Crossley, William Walker.

Gisburn.—Anthony Lofthouse, John Robinson.

Hellifield.—James John Angus, Charles Graham, Thomas Harding, Charles Harwood, Sidney Hoar, John Ernest Linnett, Joseph Edward Preston, Thomas Procter, Christopher Ralph, Norman Roberts, Fred Graham.

Horton.—John Bruce Davidson.

Ingleton.—Hugh Robinson.

Longpreston.—Arthur Bailey, Thomas Garnett, John Henry Hinchin, Henry Edward Horner, William Jones, James Kayley, Job Kayley, Arthur Lawson, William Henry Metcalfe, Joseph Parker, William Procter, William Rawlinson.

Langeliffe.—Richard Butler, Thomas Henry Edmondson.

Marion.—John Beckwith.

Malham.—James Swinbank.

Newholme.—Thomas Edward Askew, Carl Parrington Branthwaite, Benjamin Ashton Butler, William Henry Scott.

Otterburn.—Harry Gilbert Tunstill.

Settle.—Robert William Bell, Ernest Campbell, George Clark, John Thomas Cockerill, Robert Crosswell, Herbert Dickinson, William Edward Gibson, George Jellett, Thomas Laytham, Robert Henry Maunders, Robert Newhouse, Walter Umpleby, Thomas Walsh, Solomon Richard Webb.

Stainforth.—Walter Dinsdale.

Slaidburn.—Edwin Isherwood, Walter Isherwood, Abel Moore, Charles Edward Parker, George Whitfield.

Wigglesworth.—Fred Metcalfe, George Oversby.

Waddington.—Joseph Barrett Hartley, Albert Hird, Harry Smith, Thomas Rigby, William Watson.

Letter from Mr. Tunstill.

(To the Editor of the *Pioneer*.)

The Settle Company of the 10th Battalion of the Duke of Wellington's West Riding Regiment.

Sir,—To-day sees the finish of recruiting for this Company, and we are 87 strong. My only regret is that some of our recruits failed to pass the medical test.

Although they failed to pass, every consideration and honour is due to these men. They will always have the great privilege of knowing they did their best and showed their loyalty to and willingness to serve their King and country in this supreme hour of need.

With regard to the 86 men who have enlisted with me, may I, without any undue boastfulness, say that Settle and the district from which they are drawn, may indeed be proud of them. They are a credit to their country, and will nobly uphold the traditions of their district and regiment.

I also wish to heartily thank all those who have so readily and generously given me their help and time in this undertaking, which has ensured its success, including yourself.—Yours truly,

H. G. TUNSTILL,

Private in the Duke of Wellington's West Riding Regiment.

Otterburn, Bell Busk,

September 21st, 1914.

Thanks from the Men.

(To the Editor of the *Pioneer*.)

Sir,—We wish, through the medium of your valuable paper, to express our grateful thanks to the people of Settle for their generous hospitality and kind and useful gifts, and for their enthusiastic send-off. We also beg to thank the performers at the concert, and the band.—Yours truly,

The 87 Privates of the Settle Company of the 10th Battalion of the Duke of Wellington's West Riding Regiment.

Halifax Barracks

September 21st, 1914.







SETTLE.

2.

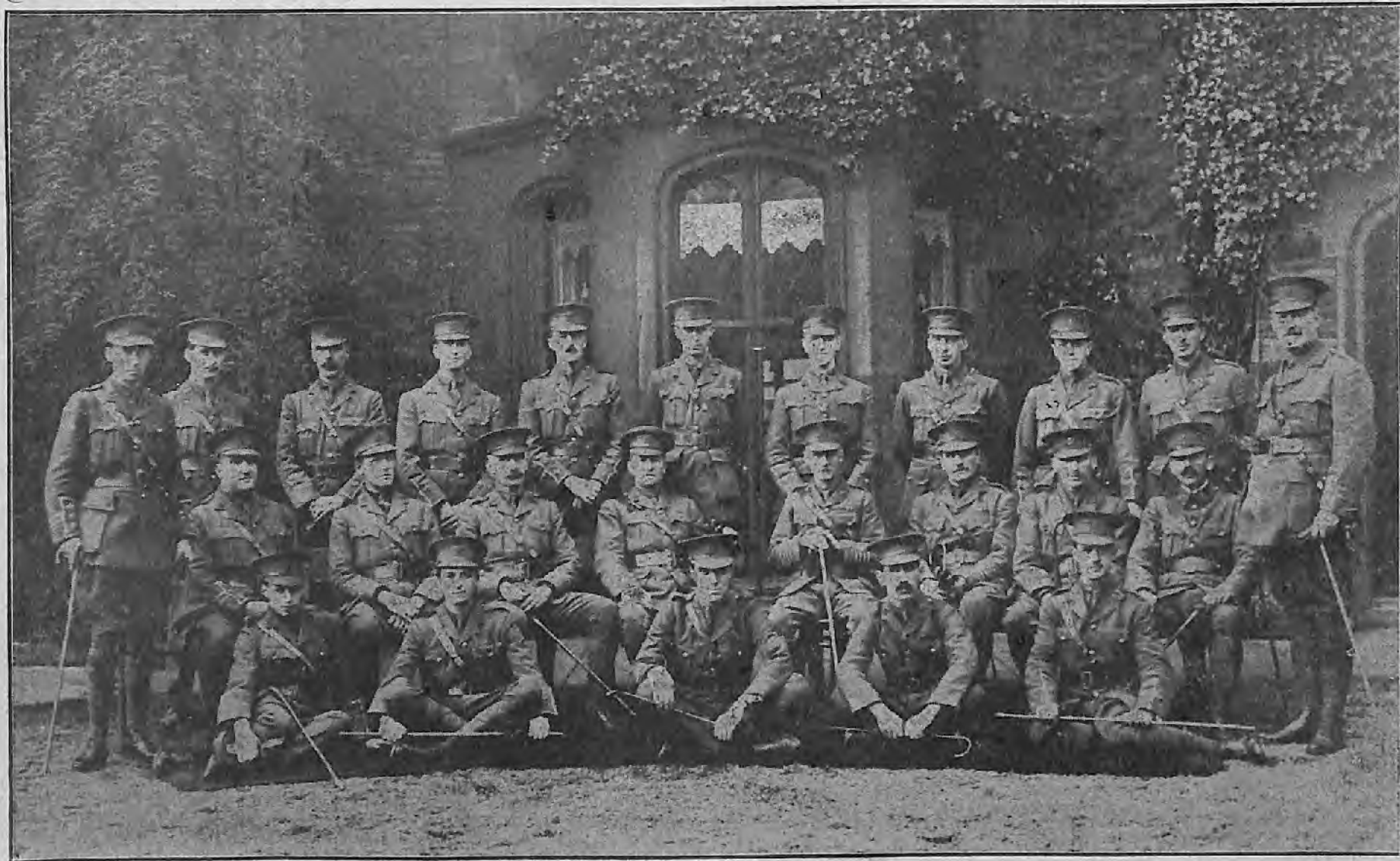
MR. TUNSTILL'S RECRUITS.—Sorrowful news came to the village on Monday that Harold Greenhalgh, one of Mr. Tunstill's recruits, and footman for Mr. Massey, of Closes Hall, had died in camp at Frensham on Sunday. Deceased had contracted measles, after which pneumonia developed, to which he succumbed. This is very disappointing, as it is the third case in Mr. Tunstill's recruits, but the first in our own parish, having a similar ending.



1914

LANGCLIFFE "BANTAMS"

WEST RIDING RESERVES.



Officers of the 6th (Reserve) Battalion West Riding Regiment, Skipton. The names, reading from left to right, are:—Middle row (seated): Captain N. C. Prince, Captain N. England, Captain W. Cloughton, Major J. MacKillop (second in command), Colonel R. E. Williamson, V.D. (commanding battalion), Major E. Dewhurst, Captain V. J. Birkbeck (Adjutant), and Captain J. Groves.

Back row: Captain G. H. Ermen, Second-lieutenant N. Geldard, Second-lieutenant L. Jaques, Second-lieutenant J. W. Woodhead, Lieutenant N. Clapham, Second-lieutenant M. C. M. Law, Second-lieutenant G. L. Lupton, Second-lieutenant G. Broughton, Second-lieutenant G. R. Armstrong, Second-lieutenant C. D. Bennett, and Captain C. P. Charlesworth.

Front row: Second-lieutenant J. R. Walker, Second-lieutenant R. C. Barrett, Second-lieutenant C. G. C. Kilner, Lieutenant and Quartermaster McDermott, and Second-lieutenant G. C. Foulds.

RETURN OF TROOPS FROM RIBY.

BILLETING ARRANGEMENTS.

About one hundred and fifty men (who had declined to sign on for foreign service) arrived back from Riby on Friday last, in charge of Second-Lieut. Hedley Knowles, who returned to his regiment on Sunday. They were preceded by forty-four who were declared to be physically unfit for foreign service. This naturally caused vacancies, and on Saturday afternoon and Sunday morning one hundred and twenty men of the Second Reserve Battalion left Skipton en route for Riby to fill their places. Everything has been practically completed for the reception of over one thousand men in the town, and it has been decided to billet them as follows:—Baptist School, 150; Congregational School, 300; premises in Court Lane, 150; Primitive Methodist School, 150; Olympia, 400; a total of 1,200. Most of the places were fitted up with beds on Monday and Tuesday. Two or three hundred of the men were in the town at the beginning of the week but they were not billeted out because the arrangements for their reception were not complete. The Skipton Conservative Club was also mentioned as a likely place for the billeting of troops, but this idea has been abandoned, it being found on examination that the premises are unsuitable so far as the fixing of apparatus was concerned.

Up to yesterday (Thursday) the men were not sleeping at all the various places selected, the cooking facilities not being complete. A large number of the men have yet to arrive, and they are expected any time.

Yesterday morning the Second Reserve Battalion from Skipton went on a route march via Kildwick and Crosshills. At Crosshills they met the Keighley, Bingley, and other contingents, where Col. Williamson addressed the men. He said he was glad to see so many of them, and hoped he would have accommodation for them all very soon. He also expressed the wish that they would do their best to get as many recruits as possible.

After the address, the Keighley, Bingley, and other contingents returned to Keighley under the command of Capt. J. Groves, and the Skipton contingent returned to the Drill Hall, Col. Williamson in command.

In our edition of Friday last, re Mr. Walter Morrison's magnificent gift, we stated that the goods were only for the Settle contingent. This is not so, as the gift was meant for the whole Battalion.

PROMOTIONS.

The following were gazetted last week:—
6th Battalion the Duke of Wellington's West
Riding Regiment:—Lieutenant C. H. Sarsby
to be captain temporarily; Second-Lieutenant
H. Knowles, to be lieutenant temporarily;
Supernumerary Lieutenant W. A. Mackenzie
is absorbed into the establishment; Second-
Lieutenant E. J. C. Supple to be lieutenant
temporarily.

COL. WILLIAMSON.

Mr. Richard Ernest Williamson, Romagna House, Otley, who has also been added to the Commission of the Peace for the West Riding, is a physician and surgeon practising at Otley, but better known locally on account of his long connection with the 6th Duke of Wellington's West Riding Regiment. For some years he was Colonel Commanding, receiving, while holding this position, the Victorian Decoration. He was followed in the Command by Col. Birkbeck, who has been with the Battalion since mobilisation. On the outbreak of war, Col. Williamson was gazetted to the Command of a Reserve Battalion of the 6th Duke's, and in the course of about five months close upon 2,000 men were raised. At intervals drafts were sent to the Service Battalion, and the remainder are now stationed at Derby under Col. Williamson. Mrs. Williamson is a daughter of the late Rev. P. C. Kidd, a former Rector of Skipton.

RESERVE BATTALION JOTTINGS.

Probable Second Reserve Battalion.

The headquarters staff of the Reserve Battalion are making strenuous efforts to obtain additional men, and with this end in view have been represented at the meetings held in the district during the week under the auspices of the Parliamentary Parties' Joint Recruiting Committee. Hitherto the response has been a gratifying one. Four men were enrolled at Carleton on Monday, and on Wednesday Col. Williamson, Major McKillop, Capt. England, Capt. Ermen, Captain Roberts (recruiting officer, of Keighley) and Colour-Serjt. Briggs attended a gathering at Gargrave and enlisted no fewer than twelve recruits.

It may be that this activity is due to a communication received, we understand, at the Depot this week, the effect of which is that, when the Imperial Service Battalion now at Doncaster proceeds abroad, it will be replaced by the Reserve Unit from Skipton, where a second Reserve Battalion will be raised. This new unit will be officially known as the Second Reserve Battalion. The Military Authorities have also intimated that nothing should be done to check recruiting for the First Reserve Unit, even if the number of men exceed establishment strength, as recruits thus taken in excess would be available for transfer to the new unit. It should also be noted that all men are required to take the Imperial Service obligation.

At the time of writing the Reserve Battalion was very few short of strength, numbering about 950. Of these, however, a draft of 150 men have been selected for transfer to the Service Battalion at Doncaster in order to bring it up to War strength, so that the actual strength of the Reserve Battalion is about 800. The men who are to be despatched to Doncaster are going through a course of training under Capt. E. G. Whittaker. Before leaving they have to fire both the recruits and trained soldiers' musketry courses, but are unable to proceed at present owing to a temporary shortage of ammunition. This is not the only call the Service Battalion has made upon the Reserve, inasmuch as a party of one N.C.O. and 19 men left Skipton on Monday to form a stretcher bearer company to the unit at Doncaster. These are qualified ambulance men, and, it is interesting to note, all emanate from Barnoldswick.

Strenuous endeavours are being made to obtain service clothing for the whole of the Reserve, and as the civilian dress gradually disappears the appearance of the Battalion on parade is appreciably smarter.

The band, instruments and music of the Service Battalion has been transferred from Doncaster to the Reserve Unit, and has been augmented by several members of the Skipton Mission Band. It is understood that from to-day (Friday) the Band will accompany the Battalion en route marches—a circumstance which will not only be welcomed by the men, but might have a stimulating effect upon recruiting.

NEER, FRIDAY, OCTOBER

**THE FORMATION OF A NEW
BATTALION.**

Keighley Recruits Billeted at Skipton.

**The Distress Committee.
Skipton Distress Fund.**

Prince of Wales' Relief Fund.

Such has been the progress made in the formation of the new Reserve Battalion of the 6th (Duke of Wellington's) West Riding Regiment, that after a little more than three weeks' recruiting, and whilst the full complement of one thousand men has not as yet responded to the call, the battalion is even now above the peace strength. Under the watchful aegis of Col. Williams, the commander of the new battalion, and his excellent staff of officers (whose names we have already published) arrangements for the training and accommodation of the men already joined and those who will assuredly follow have been proceeding apace, and in a short time it is expected that everything will be in thoroughgoing "working order." The billeting arrangements have been pushed forward during the past week, and the authorities are now in complete possession of several local public and private buildings sufficient for the aforementioned purpose. We have already referred to these by name, among them being the Olympia and the Congregational, Primitive Methodist, and Baptist School-rooms.

On Tuesday morning a contingent of three hundred men arrived from Keighley. They were met at the Midland Station at Skipton by the Skipton Mission Band, and were escorted to the Drill Hall, where they reported. The men will form part of the new Reserve Battalion, and will remain in Skipton and go into training with the rest of the battalion. Among them is a considerable number of likely young men, and there are others to whom a course of military and physical training cannot but be beneficial. Later in the morning the recruits had a route march to Glusburn, via Kildwick. They were under the command of Col. Williams and Major Dewhurst. Other route marches have been to Gantrave and Carleton, Major Mackillop being in charge. On each successive march the mileage is increased, but eight to ten miles is considered a good and serviceable average. General military instruction, is, of course, also regularly being given.

RESERVE TERRITORIAL BATTALION.

Men Billeted at Skipton.

Recruiting is still progressing well and the number enrolled this week is 60, making a total of 670. The men of the Second Reserve Battalion at present billeted in the town comprise the Skipton, Keighley and Guiseley companies, numbering in all about six hundred. The majority of the Skipton lads are billeted at their own homes, the remainder at the Olympia and the Congregational and Primitive Methodist Schools, while a store room has been taken in Court Lane.

It is interesting to note that the Congregationalists have placed their premises at the disposal of the authorities, though the surrender will entail a good deal of inconvenience, their old chapel having been pulled down and there is no other place in which they can meet for worship. The military authorities have, however, secured for them the use of the Town Hall, and services will accordingly be held there on the coming Sunday and for as long as the school is retained for the use of the troops. The Sisterhood is being accommodated at the Adult School, and other meetings are being held in one of the rooms of the old British school. Everything possible is being done to provide comfort and convenience for the troops whilst they are quartered in the old school. Reading and writing rooms are being provided, with games, &c., for the use of the men, and a series of evening concerts and entertainments are also being arranged.

The Olympia will, roughly, accommodate four hundred men, while the remaining two hundred will be billeted at the two other places. Of course, as soon as the rest of the men arrive at the depot from the outside districts, the whole of the men will be billeted in the town. Cooking arrangements have been made at each of the places mentioned, and in this connection the facilities are all that could be desired.

The men have been carrying on progressive training, for the most part route marches, the distance being increased each day. No advanced drill has yet been undertaken as the men are not supplied with rifles. On Tuesday practically the whole of the Skipton men went on a route march via Farnhill, Kildwick, Crosshills, &c., under the command of Major Dewhurst, Captain and Adjutant Birkbeck, Captain Ermen, Lieutenants Clapham and Booth, and Second-Lieutenants Bennett, Walker, Kilner, Armstrong, Geldard, Jaques, and Broughton. They arrived back just about three o'clock, and shortly after, the Keighley contingent, numbering about 198, under the command of Captain J. Groves, Second Lieutenant R. C. Barrett, and others arrived by road. The Guiseley men, sixty-eight in number, also arrived in the town the same afternoon by train under Captain C. Cloughton and Lieutenant W. K. Lawe.

On Wednesday the men had preliminary drill in the cattle market and then went on a route march, via Thorlby, the White Hills, &c., where advance guard practice was indulged in and had a very instructive morning.

Yesterday (Thursday) the men proceeded on a route march via Carleton, Heslaker, &c., in the morning and were out again in the afternoon.

OFFICERS GAZETTED.

In the "London Gazette" of Tuesday the following appointments were officially notified:—

To be Majors (temporarily)—J. Mackillop, late Major of the 6th Battalion Duke of Wellington's West Riding Regiment; Edgar Dewhurst, late 3rd Volunteer Batt. Duke of Wellington's West Riding Regiment (October 14th).

To be Captains—Capt. J. H. S. Tee from the Territorial Force Reserves; W. Cloughton, late captain of this battalion (temp.); N. C. Prince, late Captain of this Battalion (temp.); C. P. Charlesworth, late captain of the 3rd Volunteer Battalion West Riding Regiment (temp.); Capt. J. Groves, from the Territorial Force Reserves; N. A. England, late lieutenant of this Battalion; G. H. Ermen, late lieutenant 6th Battalion Manchester Regulars, Militia (Hon. Lieut. in the Army (temp.), October 14th).

To be Lieutenants—N. Clapham, late lieutenant of this Battalion (temp.); S. J. Rhodes, late lieutenant of this Battalion (temp.); A. E. Booth (temp), October 14th.

To be Second Lieutenants—J. A. C. Spencer, late Second Lieutenant of this Battalion; W. K. Law, late Cadet, Aldenham School, O.T.C.; G. Broughton, C. D. Bennett, L. Jaques, N. Geldard, R. C. Barrett, G. L. Lupton, G. C. Foulds, C. G. O. Kilner, J. W. Woodhead (October 14th); R. Armstrong, Oxford University; D. V. Bernard, Cambridge University; and — Walker, Sedburgh Grammar School.

Colonel Williamson, in command, was gazetted some weeks ago.

OUR MEN OF HONOUR.

THE RESPONSE TO THE COUNTRY'S CALL.

A LIST FOR SKIPTON AND KEIGHLEY.

"Now all the youth of England are on fire,
And silken dalliance in the wardrobe lies;
Now thrive the armourers, and honour's thought
Reigns solely in the breast of every man."

We print below the tenth list of a series in which we are seeking to place on record the names of those men who, in spite of exceptional business and social ties, have taken up arms in the national cause. In the present crisis we have one supreme duty before us—that of defeating the enemy of our nation and of our national ideals. Before that all other duties and interests are as dust in the balance. Distinctions of politics and of creed, of vocation and of class are shattered by the opportunity that has come to all of serving the nation in some way or other.

History has never recorded so magnificent and universal a rally of men to the colours as has been witnessed throughout the British Empire in the last three months. The West Riding has contributed a fair quota to the forces. Enormous numbers of men have left the ordinary walks of life in order to tread the austere path of military service. The names of all are worthy of commemoration. To include in our list every one who has responded to his country's call, however, is impracticable. It would mean compiling a roll of a great part of the manhood of the district. At best we can only make a selection of the names of well-known citizens and of young men belonging to representative families or lately occupying responsible positions in civil life. In this work we invite the help of friends and neighbours of such men.

SKIPTON AND KEIGHLEY.

To-day's list is for Skipton, Keighley, and district. Further lists for Leeds, Bradford, Halifax, and other towns are being prepared. To-morrow a Wakefield list will be given.

6TH WEST RIDING REGIMENT (TERRITORIALS).

Colonel J. Birkbeck.

Officer commanding the 6th Battalion Duke of Wellington's West Riding Regiment. Resides at Settle, and is a member of a well-known Craven family. His brother is adjutant of the Reserve Battalion. Colonel Birkbeck served in the South African War with the 3rd Camerons.

Major C. P. Cass.

A well-known solicitor, who has taken a prominent part in local public life, being one of Keighley's representatives on the County Council and a Keighley alderman. He is president of the Keighley Football Club, and is interested in many other local athletic organisations.

of Hayfield, Glusburn (chairman of the West Riding County Council).

Lieutenant Hugh Dixon.

Younger son of Mr. John Dixon, of Summer Hill, Steeton, and is in the business of Messrs. John Dixon & Sons, bobbin manufacturers, Steeton.

Lieutenant Petty.

Son of Mr. F. W. Petty, of Lingsted, Cross Hills, and of Mrs. Petty, who is a member of the Glusburn Education Sub-committee.

Lieutenant S. P. Ashley.

Eldest son of Mr. J. T. Ashley, of Bradford, and a member of the firm of J. T. Ashley and Son, Ltd., manufacturers, Bradford.

Lieutenant and Quartermaster J. Churchman.

Served with the 3rd West Riding Regiment in South Africa, and was awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal. Formerly sergeant-major of the 6th Battalion.

Second-Lieutenant B. R. Brewin.

Son of the Rev. C. Brewin, a former Vicar of Long Preston. Served in the South African War.

Second-Lieutenant Cedric Horsfall.

Elder son of Sir John C. Horsfall. Entered the Territorials as a private on the outbreak of the war, but has since received a commission.

Second-Lieutenant R. M. Robinson.

Second son of the late Colonel Robinson, of Overdale, Skipton, who was for many years officer commanding the 3rd Volunteer Battalion.

Second-Lieutenant E. J. C. Supple.

Formerly a master at the Skipton Grammar School, and lately in the scholastic profession at Brighton.

Second-Lieutenant F. L. Smith.

Youngest son of Mr. Alfred Smith, Woodworth, Keighley, who is managing director of George Hattersley & Sons, Ltd., loom makers, Keighley.

Second-Lieutenant H. Knowles.

Son of Mr. M. R. Knowles, solicitor, of Skipton, and clerk to the Skipton Board of Guardians and Rural District Council.

Other officers are Second-Lieutenant T. S. Whittaker, from Cambridge University Officers' Training Corps; Second-Lieutenant C. E. Palmer, engineer, Lancaster; Second-Lieutenant F. G. Holland, Sheffield University; Second-Lieutenant B. Greaves, Sheffield University; and Second-Lieutenant L. Varley, late of Cambridge University Officers' Training Corps, recently professor of languages, London.

6th (RESERVE) WEST RIDING REGIMENT.

vention of Cruelty to Children, Leeds. Served with the 60th Rifles in the Natal campaign. Seriously wounded at Spion Kop. Re-joined Kitchener's army on the outbreak of war, and was commissioned from the West Yorkshires to the Reserve Battalion as lieutenant-quartermaster.

Second-Lieutenant George C. Foulds.

Captain of the Keighley Cricket Club. A son of Mr. C. H. Foulds (an ex-Mayor of Keighley and a former county councillor), and a partner in the firm of Messrs. I. Foulds & Sons.

Second-Lieutenant G. Lancelot Lupton.

A nephew of Sir Swire Smith, with whom he has been engaged in the spinning business in the firm of Swire Smith & Brother, Springfield Mills, Keighley.

Second-Lieutenant L. Jacques.

Sub-manager of the Bank of Liverpool, Skipton.

Second-Lieutenant J. W. Woodhead.

Solicitor, Otley.

Second-Lieutenant C. D. Bennett.

Schoolmaster, Settle.

Second-Lieutenant R. C. Barrett.

Son of Mr. R. B. Barrett, of Skipton Castle. Agent to Lord Hothfield.

Second-Lieutenant C. G. C. Kilner.

Son of the Bishop of Richmond, who was at one time Vicar of Bingley and afterwards Vicar of Gargrave.

Second-Lieutenant G. R. Armstrong.

Oxford University.

Second-Lieutenant G. Broughton.

In the employ of the London City and Midland Bank, Bradford, and formerly of the same bank at Skipton.

OTHER OFFICERS AND MEN.

Captain W. N. Town.

Son of the late Mr. William Town, of Keighley and Bingley, and a member of the firm of Messrs. J. Town & Sons, paper makers, of Leeds, and of Turkey Mills, Keighley. Captain Town is a prominent member of the Keighley Division Liberal Executive, and was formerly secretary of the Bingley Free Church Council. In the days of the old Volunteers he held a command in the Keighley district. Is now attached to the depot of the West Riding Regiment at Halifax.

Captain W. Pullan.

West Lancashire Divisional Supply Column (mechanical transport). From 1900 to 1908 was captain in the old 3rd Volunteer Battalion West Riding Regiment. In 1908, when the Volunteers became the Territorial Force, he raised the 2nd West Riding (Shipley) Company of the Army Service Corps, and was in command until 1910, when he resigned. Has recently re-joined. In business as worsted spinner at Dalton Mills, Keighley.

Second-Lieutenant John Clough.

6th Battalion of the West Yorkshire Regiment. Son of Mr. H. S. Clough, of the firm of Robert Clough, Grove Mills, Ingrow, and Becks Mill, Keighley, and grandson of Sir John Clough, the president of the Keighley Division Liberal Association. Lieutenant Clough has been educated at Tunbridge School, and was at Christ's College, Cambridge, when the war began.

Second-Lieutenant Alan Clough.

Bradford Battalion, West Yorkshire Regiment.

Major G. M. Bateman.

Of Messrs. T. and M. Bairdow, manufacturers, of Cross Hills and Bradford. Formerly a well-known player with the Skipton Rugby Club.

Surgeon-Major W. M. Gabriel.

A well-known private practitioner in Keighley, and medical officer to the Keighley Poor-law Union.

Captain and Adjutant S. F. Marriner.

Son of the late Mr. William Lister Marriner, head of the firm of Messrs. Marriner, Son & Naylor, spinners, Greenside Mills, Keighley. Served in the South African War.

Captain Ray Marriner.

Son of the late Mr. William Lister Marriner, and connected with the firm of Messrs. Marriner, Son & Naylor.

Captain M. Wright.

Senior captain of the battalion. A member of the firm of Messrs. A. R. Wright and Co., fancy stuff merchants, Bingley and Bradford. Served three and a-half years in the Yorkshire Hussars.

Captain T. K. Wright.

Brother of Captain M. Wright, and also interested in the business of Messrs. A. R. Wright and Co.

Captain W. B. Carson.

With the Bank of Liverpool, Ltd., Skipton. Formerly a member of the Skipton football team, and later associated with the Skipton Grammar School Old Boys.

Captain A. B. Clarkson.

Member of the firm of Messrs. Spencer, Clarkson & Co., solicitors, of Keighley, and son of Mr. J. N. Clarkson, of Riddlesden Hall.

Captain E. G. Whittaker.

Organising Agent for the Skipton Division Conservative Association.

Captain K. Nicholson.

Brother of Mr. Wm. Nicholson, of Helli-field Peel, who is an ex-Lord Mayor of Leeds. Associated with the latter in the firm of W. Nicholson & Son, Ltd., builders and contractors, Leeds.

Captain N. B. Chaffers.

Of Messrs. T. and M. Bairstow, manufacturers, of Cross Hills and Bradford.

The Rev. S. Howard Hall.

Of Sproatley Rectory, Hull, chaplain of the Battalion.

Lieutenant M. C. M. Law.

A member of the firm of Law, Russell and Co., Limited, merchants, Bradford. Eldest son of Mr. Duncan G. Law, Hawksworth Hall. An active member of the Bradford Guild of Help.

Lieutenant S. H. Clough.

Eldest son of Mr. S. Clough, of Steeton Hall, who is an ex-Mayor of Keighley. Lieutenant Clough is a member of the Keighley cricket team.

Lieutenant A. E. K. Slingsby.

Son of Mr. J. Arthur Slingsby, Carla Beck, Carleton. Formerly prominently identified with the Boy Scout movement, being one of the commissioners for the North of England. One of three brothers now serving with the colours.

Lieutenant C. H. Sarsby.

A member of the firm of Sarsby, Limited, stuff merchants, Bradford.

Lieutenant Donald Horsfall.

Younger son of Sir John C. Horsfall, Bart.,

6th (RESERVE) WEST RIDING REGIMENT.

Colonel R. E. Williamson, V.D.

Officer commanding 6th (Reserve) Battalion, Duke of Wellington's West Riding Regiment. In practice at Otley as physician and surgeon. For more than seven years officer commanding the 6th Battalion. Was on the Territorial Reserve and has raised the Reserve Battalion.

Major J. MacKillop.

Of Harrogate and County Waterford, Ireland. Second in command. Formerly in the 6th Battalion. Served in South Africa with the Imperial Yeomanry. The hunting correspondent of "The Yorkshire Observer," and a contributor to "The Times," "The Morning Post," "The Field," and other London papers.

Major E. Dewhurst.

Son of Mr. T. H. Dewhurst, of Skipton, formerly interested in the firm of J. B. Dewhurst & Sons, Belle Vue Mills, Skipton. Commanded active service detachment from 6th West Riding Regiment in the South African War.

Captain and Adjutant Birkbeck.

Late of the Surrey Regiment. Brother of Colonel Birkbeck, of Settle. Served in the Indian Army with distinction.

Captain C. P. Charlesworth.

Partner in the firm of Messrs. Charlesworth & Wood, solicitors, Skipton, and registrar of Skipton County Court; formerly connected with the local (head-quarter) companies of the 3rd West Riding Regiment.

Captain J. Groves.

Solicitor, Scarborough, formerly in the 6th Battalion.

Captain N. A. England.

Son of the late Mr. R. A. England, of Bingley. A director in the firm of Messrs. D. and R. England, manufacturers, Bingley.

Captain N. C. Prince.

Partner in the firm of Messrs. C. Prince and Son, wool merchants, Bradford. For ten years connected with the 6th Battalion.

Captain W. Claughton.

Formerly connected with the 5th Battalion. Son of the late Mr. Hugh Claughton, of Guiseley.

Captain G. H. Ermen.

General manager of the English Sewing Cotton Company, Belle Vue Mills, Skipton. Served in South Africa with the East Lancashire Regiment.

Surgeon-Major Walker.

A member of the Bradford City Council. For seventeen years with the 6th Battalion.

Lieutenant James R. Walker.

Son of Surgeon-Major Walker. With Messrs. Francis Willey & Co., Bradford. Formerly with the Officers' Training Corps at Sedburgh and in the Yorkshire Dragoons.

Lieutenant N. Clapham.

Of Austwick Hall, near Settle. Formerly connected with the 6th Battalion.

Lieutenant Stanley Rhodes.

Of a Bradford firm of wool merchants. Formerly lieutenant in the Bingley Company of Territorials.

Lieutenant A. E. Booth.

Workhouse Master at Skipton. Formerly cadet captain commanding 6th West Riding Cadets.

Lieutenant Kenneth Law.

Son of Mr. Duncan G. Law, of Hawksworth Hall.

Lieutenant and Quartermaster McDermott.

Inspector of National Society for Pre-

Second-Lieutenant Alan Clough.

Bradford Battalion, West Yorkshire Regiment. Brother of Second-Lieutenant John Clough. Educated at Timbridge School.

Second-Lieutenant C. D. S. Robinson.

Of the Leeds Rifles. Eldest son of the Rector of Keighley, the Rev. L. S. Robinson.

L. C. E. Robinson.

Cadet at Royal Naval College, Dartmouth. Second son of the Rector of Keighley.

SONGS OF THE GREAT WAR SERIES.

NO. V.—SONG OF SCALEGILL.

"There's an Old Mill Wheel A-dreaming."

(Dedicated to all the good folks of Craven who are making "comforts for the front.")

I.

There's an old mill wheel a-dreaming
In the valley of the Aire,
By the wooded haunts of Hanlith,
And the hills that cluster there—
By the dark, deep glen of Gordale,
Fairy Janet's Fall and Cave,
By the scar-crowned Cove of Malham,
And its river's crystal wave.

In its sleep I heard it dreaming,
As I mused beside the stream,
And I sighed as I did watch it
Turning listless in its dream.
For the guns of war were booming
In a land across the sea,
And my spirit caught a sadness
From the dream it dreamed to me.

Then I found myself repeating,
As I whispered in its ear,
Hark! The looms of love are busy
In the valleys far and near—
Hark! The looms of love are busy,
In each loyal Craven home,
Weaving comforts for the brave boys
In their trenches o'er the foam.

Now December blows relentless,
Now the snow is on the hill,
And the old wheel in the valley
In its sleep is dreaming still.
But the looms of love are busy,
As they never were before,
Weaving comforts for the brave boys
On that war-beleaguered shore.

* * *

II.

There's an old mill wheel a-dreaming
In that land across the foam,
In its slumbers it is dreaming
Of its desolated home.
And its heart is nigh to breaking,
For destruction, far and wide,
Spreads its ravage o'er each homestead,
Tower, and town, and country side.

Break not, heart! The day is coming
When thy land shall smile once more,
And red war shall cease its raging
On thy carnage-stricken shore.

Break not, heart! We all are helping,
And, in ev'ry Craven home,
We are weaving for the brave boys
In their trenches o'er the foam.

* * *

III.

There's an old mill wheel a-dreaming
On an unseen stretch of shore,
And that ancient wheel is grinding,
As it oft has done before.

'Tis a wheel that grinds so slowly,
Yet it grinds exceeding small,
And it ne'er will cease its grinding
Till Old Earth redeems her fall.

But there's gift of grace to help us
In our mill of earthly life—
We can have it for the asking,
To assist us in the strife.

Love and Law are in God's purpose,
Love that's Law above this clod—
Love by Law our lives perfecting,
Till we reach the Life of God.

* * *

Notes.

(a) **"THERE'S AN OLD MILL WHEEL A-DREAMING."**—Scalegill Mill, with its adjoining cottages, is prettily situated on the banks of the Aire between Hanlith and Malham. The mill has long ceased running, but water trickles through the "sluice-gate" into the wheel "cloughs," and, when they are full, the wheel turns round once or twice. Mr. John Clark, who uses the "upper room" of the mill for carpentry, told me that this moving of the wheel is called "dreaming." It happened to "dream" on the occasion of a visit last August (10th).

(b) **"IN THE VALLEY OF THE AIRE."**—The Aire receives its name, just above Scalegill, by the confluence of the Malham and Gordale becks, and the waters of a spring, known as "Aire Head."

(c) **"BY THE WOODED HAUNTS OF HANLITH."**—Hanlith, with its "stately home of England"—Hanlith Hall—and contiguous homesteads, is one of Craven's "Beauty Spots." So is Malham, with its famous Scar and Cove, and Janet's Cascade and Cave.

(d) **"WEAVING COMFORTS FOR THE BRAVE BOYS."**—(1) "Many busy hands are at work in the villages of Malhamdale, making garments and other material comforts for relieving distress and suffering arising from the War. This spirit of enthusiasm is truly noble and truly English, writes Rev. D. R. Hall," ("Craven Herald," August 29, 1914). (2) The St. John Ambulance Association, Territorial Branch, West Riding, section number 2, Skipton Division, wish to thank the following for consignments forwarded to headquarters:—Mrs. Hill, Bright Street, Skipton; Mr. Thwaite, Horton House, Skipton; Mrs. Robinson, School House, Arncliffe; Mr. Laycock, Gargrave; and Mrs. Rickards, Gargrave; thanks are also due for other consignments from the following places: Gargrave, Kelbrook, Hanlith Hall, Carleton, Bolton Abbey, Conistone and Bell Busk, Newfield, Airton and Calton, Kirkby Malham, Hubberholme Vicarage and friends, and Draughton. The last consignment sent a fortnight ago consisted of 580 garments. —"Craven Herald," November 20, 1914.

(e) **"IN THAT LAND ACROSS THE FOAM."**—Belgium.

(f) **"'TIS A WHEEL THAT GRINDS SO SLOWLY."**—
"The mills of God grind slowly, but they grind exceeding small."

(g) **"LOVE THAT'S LAW ABOVE THIS CLOD."**—
"All's love, yet all's law."—Robert Browning.

THE POET'S CORNER.

SONGS OF THE GREAT WAR SERIES.

No. 6.—Song of the Season.

“ Christ, the Babe, pleads once again
God's Great Love come down to men ”

{Stanzas suggested by the much-discussed problem, How should we spend this Christmas?—Dedicated to all the good folks of Craven who are sending Christmas gifts to local soldiers at the Front}.

I.

Shall there be no respite hour
For this Day of Birth?
Shall no Yule its blessings shower
On our sorrowing earth?
Christ, the Babe, pleads once again
God's Great Love come down to men.

Shall there be no hymn of praise
On this Day of Grace?
Shall there be no brighter rays
Lighting earth's sad face?
Christ, the Babe, pleads once again
God's Great Love come down to men.

Shall there be no kindlier deed?
No remembered gift?
Shall torn hearts all lonely bleed?
In their cloud no rift?
Christ, the Babe, pleads once again
God's Great Love come down to men.

Shall there be no comings home?
No brief spell of bliss?
No glad hours to lift the gloam?
No dear childhood's kiss?
Christ, the Babe, pleads once again
God's Great Love come down to men.

* * *

II.

Soldiers on the battlefield!
Sailors, far and near!
Argosies their treasures yield
For your Christmas cheer.
Christ's Great Feast sees love again
Kindling in the hearts of men.

Gifts of cheer!—They still recall
Love's old Christmastide—
Gifts sent out to one and all,
Kindness scattered wide.
Christ's Great Feast sees love again
Kindling in the hearts of men.

* * *

III.

Shall not Christmas Christlier be
In its chastened joy?
Shall not man more truly be
Purged from self's alloy?
Shall not Christlier love again
Kindle in the hearts of men?

In the deepest heart of man
Good is to be found;
God fulfils His Gracious Plan
Through Creation's round.
Christ, the Babe, from Bethlehem's Hill,
Holds the world's best homage still.

* * *

NOTES.

(a) The Council of the Settle and District War Relief Fund intend to send a Christmas parcel to all members of the “F” and “A” Companies of the 8th and 10th Battalions, respectively, the West Riding Regiment, as well as to every man, included in their sphere of operations, who may be serving in any branch of the Forces at home or abroad. . . . The Council, therefore, feel that there are many persons throughout the district who will desire to assist the project and contribute in some form or other towards sending a token of goodwill and remembrance at the Christmas Season to those who have voluntarily undertaken to assist in the defence of the Empire.—Extracts from a letter to the “Craven Herald,” November 18th, 1914, by Mr. Thomas Brayshaw, J.P., hon. secretary, Settle War Fund.

(b). The above proposal to send “tokens of good will and remembrance at the Christmas Season” is locally typical of what is being done all over the British Isles and the British Empire.

(REV.) W. J. GOMERSALL.
Hampstead, Christmas, 1914.



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TUESDAY, 26 JANUARY, 1915.

Whitehall, January 22, 1915.

The KING has been pleased to issue a Commission under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual to the following effect:—

GEORGE, R.I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, to

Our Trusty and Well-beloved:—

Sir Henry Babington Smith, Knight Commander of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Companion of Our Most Exalted Order of the Star of India;

Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor:—

Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order;

The Right Reverend Father in God, Hubert Murray, Bishop of Southwark; and

Our Trusty and Well-beloved:—

Sir John Prescott Hewett, Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Exalted Order of

the Star of India, Companion of Our Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire;

Sir Donald Macalister, Knight Commander of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath;

Sir John Arrow Kempe, Knight Commander of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath;

Samuel John Gurney Hoare, Esquire;
Arthur Cecil Tyrrell Beck, Esquire;
Alfred Allen Booth, Esquire;
Arthur Boutwood, Esquire;
John Robert Clynes, Esquire;
Cecil Coward, Esquire;
Richard Durning Holt, Esquire;
Percy Ewing Matheson, Esquire;
Arthur Everett Shipley, Esquire, Fellow of the Royal Society;

Philip Snowden, Esquire;
Graham Wallas, Esquire;
Elizabeth Sanderson Haldane, Spinster; and

Lucy Anne Evelyn, wife of Granville Edward Stewart Streatfeild, Esquire,

Greeting!

Whereas We have deemed it expedient that a new Commission should issue

To inquire into and report on the methods of making appointments to and promotions in

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the Civil Service, including the Diplomatic and Consular Services, and the legal departments;

To investigate the working and efficiency of the system of competitive examination for such appointments, and to make recommendations for any alterations or improvements in that system which may appear to be advisable; and

To consider whether the existing scheme of organization meets the requirements of the Public Service, and to suggest any modifications which may be needed therein:

Now know ye, that We have revoked and determined, and do by these Presents revoke and determine, the Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual bearing date the eighteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and twelve, whereby the Commission was originally constituted, and the subsequent Warrant bearing date the seventeenth day of July following appointing a Commissioner to fill a vacancy; and every matter and thing therein contained.

And We, reposing great trust and confidence in your knowledge and ability, have authorized and appointed, and do by these Presents authorize and appoint you, the said Sir Henry Babington Smith (Chairman); Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire; Hubert Murray, Bishop of Southwark; Sir John Prescott Hewett; Sir Donald Macalister; Sir John Arrow Kempe; Samuel John Gurney Hoare; Arthur Cecil Tyrrell Beck; Alfred Allen Booth; Arthur Boutwood; John Robert Clynes; Cecil Coward; Richard Durning Holt; Percy Ewing Matheson; Arthur Everett Shipley; Philip Snowden; Graham Wallas; Elizabeth Sanderson Haldane; and Lucy Anne Evelyn Streatfeild to be Our Commissioners for the purposes of the said enquiry.

And for the better effecting the purposes of this Our Commission, We do by these Presents give and grant unto you, or any three or more of you, full power to call before you such persons as you shall judge likely to afford you any information upon the subject of this Our Commission; and also to call for, have access to and examine all such books, documents, registers and records as may afford you the fullest information on the subject, and to enquire of and concerning the premises by all other lawful ways and means whatsoever.

And We do by these Presents authorize and empower you, or any three or more of you, to visit and personally inspect such places as you may deem it expedient so to inspect for the more effectual carrying out of the purposes aforesaid.

And We do by these Presents will and ordain that this Our Commission shall continue in full force and virtue, and that you, Our said Commissioners, or any three or more of you, may from time to time proceed in the execution thereof, and of every matter and thing therein contained, although the same be not continued from time to time by adjournment.

And We do further ordain that you, or any three or more of you, have liberty to report your proceedings under this Our Commission from time to time if you shall judge it expedient so to do.

And Our further will and pleasure is that you do, with as little delay as possible, report to Us, under your hands and seals, or under the hands and seals of any three or more of

you, your opinion upon the matters herein submitted for your consideration.

Given at Our Court at *St. James's*, the twentieth day of *January*, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, in the fifth year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,
R. McKenna.

THE GRAND PRIORY OF THE ORDER OF THE HOSPITAL OF ST. JOHN OF JERUSALEM IN ENGLAND.

*Chancery of the Order,
St. John's Gate, Clerkenwell,
London, E.C., 20th January, 1915.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to sanction the following promotions in and appointments to the Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England:—

As Knight of Grace.

Lieut.-Colonel William Ernest Jennings, M.D., D.P.H., I.M.S. (from Honorary Serving Brother).

As Lady of Grace.

Marion E., Mrs. Peter D. Crerar.

As Esquires.

Major Algernon Tudor Craig (from Honorary Serving Brother).

Arthur William Faire (from Honorary Associate).

Frederick Harrison.

*Crown Office,
23rd January, 1915.*

The KING has been pleased, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal, dated the 22nd day of January, 1915, to grant to Sir John Eldon Bankes, Knight, one of the Justices of the High Court of Justice, the Office of one of the Lords Justices of Appeal.

*Crown Office,
25th January, 1915.*

The KING has been pleased, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal, bearing date the 25th day of January, 1915, to appoint Sir Frederick Low, K.C., to be one of the Justices of His Majesty's High Court of Justice.

Whitehall, January 22, 1915.

The KING has been pleased, by Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, bearing date the 22nd instant, to appoint Samuel Henry Emanuel, Esq., B.A., LL.D., Barrister-at-Law, to be Recorder of the city of Winchester, in the room of Charles Alexander Spencer Garland, Esq., deceased.

North Scottish; Private Ian McBain, from 4th Battalion, The Gordon Highlanders, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 27th January, 1915.

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Army Postal Services; the undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants (temporary). Dated 28th December, 1914:—

Archibald J. Wallace.

Arthur O. Spafford.

Alan Joseph McCarragher to be Second Lieutenant, and to be an Assistant Director of Army Postal Services. Dated 1st January, 1915.

Western Signal Company (Army Troops); Harold White Thorp to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 1st December, 1914.

Tyne Electrical Engineers; James Aitken to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 1st December, 1914.

INFANTRY.

8th Battalion, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment); Corporal Herbert Edward Reid Jones, from Lothians and Border Horse Yeomanry, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 27th January, 1915.

4th Battalion, The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment); the undermentioned to be Second Lieutenants. Dated 27th January, 1915:—

Private Albert Tummons Latham, from 14th (County of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (London Scottish).

Arthur Montagu Hepworth.

Private Vivian Francis Samuelson, from Inns of Court, Officers Training Corps.

5th Battalion, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment); the undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants (temporary). Dated 30th December, 1914:—

Thomas H. Keble.

Roderic N. Oliver.

Cyril J. Wood.

Norman G. Wale.

Roy V. Rice.

Cecil V. Rice.

6th Battalion, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment; Second Lieutenant Ellert W. Forbes, from the 5th Battalion, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, to be Lieutenant (temporary). Dated 29th October, 1914.

8th Battalion, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment; John Alexander Wilson-Charge (late Lieutenant, Imperial Yeomanry) to be Captain (temporary). Dated 15th December, 1914.

10th (Scottish) Battalion, The King's (Liverpool Regiment); Private William Francis Bullen to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 16th January, 1915.

4th Battalion, The Norfolk Regiment; Lieutenant Edward J. Mann to be Captain (temporary). Dated 27th January, 1915.

5th Battalion, The Norfolk Regiment; Cecil George Sidney Rowell to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 27th January, 1915.

5th Battalion, The Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regiment); John Spencer Tennant (late Cadet, Oxford University Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps) to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 1st December, 1914.

6th Battalion, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles); Captain William S. McKenzie to be Major (temporary). Dated 14th January, 1915.

7th Battalion, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles); Second Lieutenant James Austin to be Lieutenant (temporary). Dated 24th December, 1914.

8th Battalion, The Worcestershire Regiment; the appointment of Captain William E. L. Cotton bears date 5th August, 1914, and not as stated in the London Gazette of the 25th September, 1914.

The appointment of Captain Richard H. Burlingham bears date 5th September, 1914, and not as stated in the London Gazette of the 25th September, 1914.

6th Battalion, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment); Private Thomas Brayshaw to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 27th January, 1915.

5th (Cinque Ports) Battalion, The Royal Sussex Regiment.

Lieutenant and Adjutant Reginald Pope to be Captain (temporary). Dated 27th January, 1915.

The undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants (temporary). Dated 27th January, 1915:—

Harry O. Churchill-Carter.

John T. Goodchild.

William E. P. Done.

4th Battalion, The Welsh Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur F. Beddoe resigns his commission on account of ill-health, and is granted permission to retain his rank and to wear the prescribed uniform. Dated 27th January, 1915.

4th (City of Dundee) Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders); Lieutenant (temporary) James Kinloch to be Brigade Signalling Officer, Black Watch Infantry Brigade, and to be seconded. Dated 10th December, 1914.

5th (Angus and Dundee) Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders); Captain Hugh R. C. Arbuthnott is restored to the establishment. Dated 9th December, 1914.

6th Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders); Lieutenant Henry J. Knight to be Captain (temporary). Dated 1st December, 1914.

4th Battalion, The Essex Regiment; the undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants (temporary). Dated 27th January, 1915:—

Hugh J. M. Earle.

Bernard A. Clapham.

James F. Macadam.

Owen Classey.

John D. Pryce.

Philip A. Landon.

5th Battalion, The Essex Regiment; Norfolk
Evelyn Heseltine to be Second Lieutenant.
Dated 27th January, 1915.

6th Battalion, The Essex Regiment; Private
Gerald Robert Frank Knight, from the Inns
of Court, Officers Training Corps, to be
Second Lieutenant. Dated 27th January,
1915.

7th Battalion, The Essex Regiment.
Captain William E. Brandreth to be
Adjutant. Dated 23rd January, 1915.
Second Lieutenant Alfred C. Windsor to
be Lieutenant (temporary). Dated 19th
November, 1914.

Quartermaster and Honorary Major
James Charles Broadbridge, Retired List,
Territorial Force, to be Quartermaster, with
the honorary rank of Major. Dated 16th
January, 1915.

Joseph Hagan Parnell-McGarry to be
Lieutenant (temporary). Dated 16th Janu-
ary, 1915.

Cadet Norman Penistone Sutton, from
Oxford University Contingent, Senior Divi-
sion, Officers Training Corps, to be Second
Lieutenant. Dated 27th January, 1915.

7th Battalion, The Duke of Cambridge's Own
(*Middlesex Regiment*); Second Lieutenant
Alexander P. Hobson to be Lieutenant (tem-
porary). Dated 27th January, 1915.

9th Battalion, The Duke of Cambridge's Own
(*Middlesex Regiment*); Frank George Alfred
Petterson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated
29th December, 1914.

Cadet Russell Mervyn Wheeler, from the
Cambridge University Contingent, Senior
Division, Officers Training Corps, to be
Second Lieutenant. Dated 27th January,
1915.

James Charles Keyser to be Second Lieu-
tenant. Dated 27th January, 1915.

10th Battalion, The Duke of Cambridge's Own
(*Middlesex Regiment*); Second Lieutenant
Louis C. C. Preedy to be Lieutenant (tem-
porary). Dated 1st January, 1915.

The undermentioned to be Second Lieu-
tenants. Dated 27th January, 1915:—

Cadet Reginald Thomas Davies, from the
University of London Contingent, Senior
Division, Officers Training Corps.

Gerald Adam Burn.

Isidore Herbert Grunebaum.

Private Kenneth Rayner, from 12th
(County of London) Battalion, The London
Regiment (The Rangers).

6th Battalion, The Gordon Highlanders; David
MacKenzie to be Second Lieutenant. Dated
27th January, 1915.

21st (County of London) Battalion, The
London Regiment (First Surrey Rifles);
Lieutenant Raymond A. Puckle to be Adj-
utant. Dated 26th September, 1914.

Frederick David Levy to be Second Lieu-
tenant. Dated 19th October, 1914.

28th (County of London) Battalion, The
London Regiment (Artists Rifles); Captain
William G. West is seconded. Dated 27th
January, 1915.

ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

1st London Divisional Train; Staff Serjeant
Richard Bloomfield Perkins, from the 3rd
London Field Ambulance, Royal Army
Medical Corps, to be Second Lieutenant.
Dated 27th January, 1915.

2nd London Divisional Train, Headquarters
Company; Steuart Cecil Macnaghten to be
Second Lieutenant. Dated 8th January,
1915.

North Midland Divisional Train.

Temporary Lieutenant Frederick J. Wilde
to be Captain (temporary). Dated 10th
December, 1914.

The undermentioned Second Lieutenants
to be Lieutenants (temporary). Dated 10th
December, 1914:—

Thomas M. Hazlerigg.

Frederick Sowerbutts.

West Riding Divisional Train.

Lieutenant Walter F. C. Kitson to be
Adjutant. Dated 10th November, 1914.

The undermentioned Second Lieutenants
to be Lieutenants (temporary). Dated 27th
January, 1915:—

Donald Bottomley.

Cecil H. Legg.

West Riding Divisional Supply Column;
Private James Percival Barker, from the
Royal Army Medical Corps (Territorial
Force), to be Second Lieutenant. Dated
27th January, 1915.

CHAPLAINS DEPARTMENT OF THE TERRITORIAL FORCE.

The Reverend Edward J. G. Dupius,
M.A., Second Class Chaplain to the Terri-
torial Force, resigns his commission on
account of ill-health, and is granted per-
mission to retain his rank. Dated 11th
January, 1915.

TERRITORIAL FORCE RESERVE.

Yeomanry.

Second Lieutenant Charles A. le Strange,
from the Warwickshire Yeomanry, to be
Second Lieutenant. Dated 27th January,
1915.

Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry J. Dixon, from
the 9th Battalion, The Duke of Cambridge's
Own (*Middlesex Regiment*), to be Lie-
utenant-Colonel. Dated 27th January, 1915.

General List.

Alexander Guthrie (late Captain, 1st
Volunteer Battalion, Royal Highlanders) to
be Captain. Dated 24th December, 1914.

Lieutenant Edmund R. Donisthorpe to be
Captain. Dated 27th January, 1915.

The undermentioned to be Second Lieu-
tenants. Dated 27th January, 1915:—

Walter Glynn Bradford (late Cadet,
Oxford University Contingent, Senior Divi-
sion, Officers Training Corps).

Eric Conran Smith (late Cadet Serjeant,
Oxford University Contingent, Senior Divi-
sion, Officers Training Corps).

Joseph John Wootton.

Serjeant James Sangster, from 6th Bat-
talion, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles).

VILLAGE GUARDS.

“ Whenever a strong man, fully armed and equipt, is guarding his own dwelling, he enjoys peaceful possession of his property ; but as soon as another stronger than he attacks him and overcomes him, he takes away that complete armour of his in which he trusted, and distributes the plunder he has collected.

The duty of some of us is to keep things going at home. The age or condition of others of us prevents us ‘joining the colours,’ yet we feel we ought to know enough of drill and musketry to make us feel within ourselves the power efficiently and honourably to take our place in the firing line should this village of ours be invaded. It is purely and simply for the purpose of the defence of our homes and to meet all eventualities which may yet arise. Let us not forget that our enemy is quite as determined and resourceful as we are, still if we are fully prepared we shall win out but not unless we are fully and intelligently prepared.

I ask those who agree with the imperative need of preparation to meet me, fine or wet, at The Bungalow on Sunday afternoon at half-past two o’clock on November 29th. Mr. Thos. Scambler offers to put at our disposal a field to drill in, and, subject to the War Office approval, a 300 yards range on a quondam shooting-alley for rifle practice. With the co-operation of Mr. Robt. N. Douglas, Head-Master of Giggleswick School, who offers the use of the Covered Playground if the weather be unsuitable for outside work, Lieutenant E. D. Clark, O.T.C., offers to drill us and instruct us in musketry for an hour every Sunday afternoon at half-past two *prompt*.

The Military Authorities will only recognize and allow those as *bonâ fide* members of this company who are distinctly and honestly ineligible for serving in some service or Territorial Regiment.

Theodore P. Brocklehurst, Vicar.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

The Army Council are prepared to grant official recognition to our Village Voluntary Guard or Rifle Club, provided we become affiliated to the Central Association Volunteer Training Corps, and decide to abide by its rules.

RULES.

1.—It is to be clearly understood that only the names of those can be registered who are not eligible through age to serve in the regular or Territorial army, or are unable to do so for some genuine reason, which must be recorded in the corps register. In the case of the latter they must agree in writing to enlist, if specially called upon to do so.

2.—No arms, ammunition, or clothing will be supplied from public sources, nor will financial assistance be given.

3.—There may be uniformity of dress among members of individual organisations provided that no badges of rank are worn, and provided that the dress is distinguishable from that of regular and Territorial units.

4.—Members of recognised organisations will be allowed to wear as a distinctive badge a red armlet of a breadth of three inches, with the letters "G. R." inscribed thereon.

5.—The accepted military ranks and titles will not be used or recognised, and no uniform is to be worn except when necessary for training.

6.—No form of attestation involving an oath is permitted.

7.—It will be open to army recruiting officers to visit corps at any time, and to recruit any members found eligible for service with the regular army whose presence in the corps is not accounted for by some good and sufficient reason.

Giggleswick-in-Craven Church Review.

OCTOBER, 1914.

WILL YOU LET ENGLAND GO DOWN?

MEN OF GIGGLESWICK-IN-CRAVEN

Will you give the next ten minutes of your life to the most solemn thought that can come into the mind of an Englishman?

Will you put from your mind now all other thoughts but this—that England, our England, is on a stricken field in Europe, and that

ENGLAND MAY GO DOWN.

There are no parties in England, for as Edmund Burke said 'Public calamity is a great leveller.' United we stand. In the hush of strife that has come upon our land we can almost hear the sound of German guns.

Prussianised Germany is the greatest enemy that England in the whole course of her history has ever confronted. We are up against this clever but unscrupulous enemy, and because we shortsightedly and complacently refused to learn in times of peace how to defend our country in times of danger we shall have to suffer accordingly from our astute foe.

England is fighting for her very life; your right to be free men, your home, your future, and your children's birthright are the things at stake on the battlefields of France.

This is not a Foreign War; it is a People's War: it is the most important war that England has ever fought. Whole-heartedly we tried to stop it, till the last hour, but the hypocritical Kaiser, thinking France unready, Russia discon-

tented, and England troubled, chose this time to strike the blow at England for which Germany has long been cunningly preparing. She had the effrontery to try to bribe us to be neutral while she marched through Belgium and laid France low; the Prussian Kaiser, tearing up his treaties and breaking his solemn word, made to England the sort of proposal that we expect from men who cheat at cards. It is the sneaking action of the common welcher on the Turf. We were to break our vow and betray our friends, in order that a dishonoured man should march through Europe with fire and sword to satisfy his overweening vanity and blood-lust. It was as callous as infamous a proposition. Only a madman would have offered such a barefaced insult.

But England will not lie; she is too proud to break her word. And she is too wise to open up the way to England for the brigand who wears the German crown.

And so we are fighting, along with France, Russia, and Belgium, to keep the German Army out of England—out of our own village. The gallant Belgium Army has been laying down its life that its own little land, and France and England, may be free.

But the German Army presses on, and your home, your country, this quiet village, are in deadly peril. You must help England now if you want to save her.

If the Germans win you will be a subject of the Kaiser. You will no longer be a free citizen, helping to govern your own country and sharing in the government of one quarter of mankind; you will be a Prussian slave, ruled with an iron rod by officers from Potsdam. No one is safe from these inhuman degenerates.

It is possible that, unless you strike a blow now, the last days of our free nation may be upon us.

It is possible that the German Army may defeat the Allies. It is possible that the British Fleet may be beaten and that German troops may occupy our dear little village!

WHAT WILL YOU DO THEN?

If Germany should beat us, you will be a colonist of Prussia. Your boys will be German conscripts. **You will be taxed to keep up the German Army, which will keep you down.** You will lose all that England has given you—your free speech, your vote, your free newspapers, your right to organise.

Germany is not a democratic country. In England the people own the Government; in Germany the Government owns the people. The British idea is that the will of the people must prevail; the German idea is that the will of the people must agree with the will of the autocratic Emperor.

In England the army is the servant of the nation: in Germany the Prussian military class over-rides the people. In England the King rules through his ministers: in Germany the Kaiser rules without them. Shall our England be a German colony, the colony of an Empire that has never yet been able to maintain a colony in freedom?

What an inspiring sight and an ennobling object lesson has been the lovingly eager way our colonies and our dependencies have tumbled over one another in their determination to support the old Mother-country. They recognize to the nth that it is a life and death struggle between King and Kaiser, between true and false ethics.

There is no secret about the Prussian Kaiser's intentions. This blood-hound's unvarnished policy is Might is Right. His insane desire is to

conquer England and Belgium and France. He is throwing away masses of troops to stagger the Allies, to defeat by force of numbers, and is terrifying the civil populations by cruelties too horrible to believe: beyond even the imagination of the most imaginative to imagine.

The Putumayo horrors and the execution-bowl of the Kumassian Prempeh at Bantama pale besides these 'amusements' of the 'cultured' Prussian military-caste. If they 'played the game' we, with our innate sporting instinct, could respect them as an honourable opponent but their unspeakable maltreatment of defenceless women, girls, childer and even infants is just simply beyond words. Without harbouring any vindictive feelings it is our plain DUTY to be righteously angry.

This arrogant War Lord could have stopped the war by a word; this bullying tyrant could even now stop the cowardly shooting down of innocent populations, the ruthless raping of young girls, the unpitying mutilation of little children, and the insane destruction of beautiful buildings and works of art, whose loss has stirred the whole civilised world.

But he does not, because he dare not. It is his merciless way of winning, and he with his utter want of the least moral scruple must win at any cost if he is to save his throne. He has staked his crown on the defeat of England, in order that he may strip us of our trade and our empire, and be Master of Europe and then of the World.

The gallant Belgians (who could have avoided present ruin had they bartered their honour) and the chivalrous French are keeping the Germans back until more British troops arrive in France. Our little army is doing its best, but the dauntless spirit of our thousands cannot hold out for ever against the German millions. Soon they may be at our doors. Never underrate your enemy.

GIGGLESWICK-IN-CRAVEN CHURCH REVIEW.

Then, if the German Army should come, your freedom, your home, perhaps your life, will go. Nothing will matter to you then. This beautiful village of ours will be filled with German troops; perhaps your home will be burned down; perhaps the grand old Church of your forefathers will be rased to the ground; perhaps your old people will be shot in cold blood; perhaps your daughters will be ravished; perhaps your bairns will be mutilated; but those things will be nothing. What will matter is that all your life you will be under the galling heel of the Prussian bounders. That will be the end of England.

The very breath of life to every Englishman is Liberty, which Liberty a German does not properly understand, and certainly does not possess. We do not want any uncivilizing culture—"made in Germany."

Men, will you let England go down? She has done something for you. She has given you freedom, and sheltered you while tyrants trampled on other lands. She has given you peaceful years, and your children opportunities. She has made you prouder than a Roman.

Will you help her now—the Land of our Fathers, the Land of your Children? She is in the gravest peril she has ever known, and 100,000 men at once can save her.

Our little army is fighting against great odds while you stand here. Will you stand and see it beaten? The fight will be big and the battle fierce.

Every idle Englishman is helping Germany now; those who are not helping England to win are helping her to lose. Whose side are you on?

Now is the time for keen football forwards to 'play up.' If they want a right lively game let them fix up matches at once with the Potsdam and Berlin Clubs. They will find opponents able to keep them jolly busy.

Law and Respect for the pledged word form the very essence of civilization, International Law and Treaties being the most sacred because bonds of pure honour, but as treaties are of no

earthly use to a nation who regard such as 'just a scrap of paper,' we must once and for all put it out of the power of these Prussian barbarians ever to repeat their atrocities. The only way to do this is to get to Berlin, and there, and there only, dictate our own terms.* We cannot swim there. We will have to walk there. Hence we need more soldiers, and need them now.

Do not lull yourself into any false security that our navy will be sufficient to deal with the situation. We need a sufficient army. The more soldiers we send and send now the sooner will the war be over.

JOIN THE ARMY NOW. Your Folk will be cared for and you will be free at once after the War.

Above all have faith. "Let us remember that Right makes Might, and in that faith let us dare to the end to do our duty as we understand it."

*1. Belgium will have to be AMPLY indemnified. No amount, can of course, ever compensate this brave little country but she must be well looked after first of all.

2. Schleswig-Holstein must be given back to Denmark and the Kiel Canal made an International free water-way. England will re-occupy Heligoland, which she thoughtlessly exchanged for Zanzibar.

3. Alsace and Lorraine will be again merged into France. Also the £200,000,000 Germany made her pay in 1870 will have to be repaid at the rate of 5% compound interest, plus her out of pocket expenses.

4. All German colonies, barring Tsing-tao, which will revert to China would naturally be divided between France and England.

5. What remains of the German Navy must be 'pawned' to England.

6. Russia has promised Autonomy to Poland and she will be well advised if she offered the same to Finland. Russia will also regain her out of pocket expenses.

7. Italy? if she has foresight to range herself alongside the Allies she may recover her lost provinces.

Do not let any maudlin sentimentality or pseudo-religious affectibility over-ride our sane conscientious judgment in 'the Day' of settlement. This is no time to offer the other cheek to people who have mislaid both theirs.

GIGGLESWICK-IN-CRAVEN CHURCH REVIEW.

I should hope England will not demean herself by accepting a single pfennig of the Prussian blood-money, but be content that she will have vindicated her honour and kept her word. She will be satisfied that to her will be indebted the whole world, even including the German people, in the main docile and homely, who will be heartily glad to be rid of their taskmasters, the egomaniacal Kaiser and the 'berserkerish' Prussians. To compare him and them to Attila and his Huns is positively to insult this 'scourge of God' and his cross-breed of 'Seythian witches and infernal spirits,' a pretty hot combination. These uncultured Mongolians did fight like savages, whereas these 'cultured' Prussians butcher like ghouls. This malignant Hohenzollern germ must be sterilized once and for all. Insufferable *Junker*-dom must go the way of all other forms of Heathendom. 'Thorough' must be our watchword. Do not have any illusion about the sincerity of Prussian policy. Their word on a scrap of paper is like writing a contract in water. Hence there must be no half-measures. One of us will dictate peace. If it be the Prussian Kaiser, Heaven can't help us and Hell won't.

At this disciplinary crisis in our English History this is no time to merely talk about sacrifice: we must offer sacrifice, and living sacrifice at that. Your Vicar does not ask you to do what he is not himself doing. In no other spirit than that of proud humility does he submit that his elder and married son is training a *posse* of special constables in the city of London, whilst his younger one is a subaltern in the 12th (Service) Battalion of the York and Lancaster Regiment. He only wishes he had more sons at this time of stress: happy is the man who has his quiver full of them: he shall not be ashamed when he speaks with his enemy in—Berlin!

* * * * *

Without asking the permission of my clever friend, Arthur Mee, the Childer's Educator, I've plagiarized his vigorous screed. I offer no apology to him: he will take the piracy as a compliment.

We propose holding our Thanksgiving for the Harvest on Sunday, October 18th, the Festival of St. Luke Evangelist. We can at least thank God for the fruits of the earth, and our Navy for being able to make full use of the staff of life and other precious gifts of our Father. Instead of the customary decorating, we propose this year that gifts suitable for our troops or for Belgian refugees should be offered. Each member of the congregation is at liberty to designate where he wishes his gifts to be placed.

By the generosity of the loyal friends of the Church the senior members of the Choir spent a pleasant day at Liverpool on August 15th; the junior members had, under the kind care of Miss J. H. Hudson, a jolly outing at Morecambe on September 12th; and on the same day Mr. S. D. James accompanied his change-ringers to Whalley.

HOLY BAPTISM.

September 20th.—Lilian, daughter of Willie and Amelia Lamb.

Sponsors—Esther Jane Lamb and parents.

OFFERTORIES FOR SEPTEMBER.

			£	s.	d.
Church Expenses	...	...	6	19	0
Childer Services	...	...	0	4	0
Sick and Needy	...	...	0	3	0
			£7	6	0

ALBERT EDWARD KNIGHT, WILLIAM CALVERT, RICHARD AMBROSE TAYLOR,	} <i>Wardens.</i>
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THEODORE P. BROCKLEHURST, *Vicar.*

Correspondence.

THE GIGGLESWICK OUTBURST.

To the Editor of the "Clitheroe Advertiser"

Sir,—On receiving the "Advertiser" of November 6th, my eyes were arrested by an article entitled "The Swinish Slumber of Selfishness" which might be called the "Fulminations of one who sees as through a glass darkly." The writer asserts "that war takes the best men and leaves the worst males at home is one of the worst features in that it tokens our next generation will be a precious mongrel lot!" That might be so if we were all of the Vicar breed, but happily we are not. The Vicar judges a man by his fighting tendencies and stigmatises the pacific man by calling him a "slinking shinker." Alas! my poor brother! You are like most Vicars—superficial, and, as a rule, do more harm than good to the thinking class. You cannot see now any man between 20 and 50 can have the cheek to be seen crawling about the street. No! And there are a great many more things you cannot and don't seem eager to see. Why don't you give over disturbing the face of things and "get under"? Ask yourself why "these men are crawling" about, and study manhood—and you will find that it is not the man but the Government that is to blame. Many men are waiting until there is a promise that those depending upon them will be adequately provided for in their absence on the event of any serious mishap or death. Do not be afraid, my dear Vicar, there will be enough men to save you and the country and to avenge the poor Belgians (although revenge is not part of your creed). I would like to point out that you might do more good in trying to obtain for those of our "sturdy bull-dogs" a pound a week if maimed, instead of foaming at the mouth and uttering the sentences of an irresponsible nincompoop.

Yours, etc.,

Manchester.

J.F.A.

o o o

Sir,

During the last few months there has been a lot of tomfoolery talked and published about conscription, slackers, and the like, but for cheek and impudence the frenzied and imbecile outburst of the Craver vicar, published in last week's *Advertiser* takes the bun.

If this gentleman thinks by insulting and cowardly attacks on a certain section of the community to swell the ranks of our gallant army, he is grossly mistaken. Englishmen may be led to join the colours when such a course is necessary, but they will never be driven to slavery by the disgusting drivel of irresponsible and illogical vicars.

Yours, &c.,

ARTISAN

o o o o o

The Vicar and Village Guards.—The Rev. T. P. Brocklehurst, Vicar, has issued a circular, inviting those whose age and condition prevented them joining the colours to drill and prepare for eventualities that might arise in the defence of our country. Mr. Thos. Scambler, said the Vicar, had placed a field at their disposal, and subject to War Office approval, a 300 yards' range for rifle practice. Mr. R. N. Douglas, headmaster of Giggleswick School, had offered the use of the covered playground for wet weather, and Lieut. E. W. Clark, O.T.C., offered to give instruction in drill. On Sunday afternoon twenty men turned up and were drilled by Lieut. E. D. Clark and Mr. F. J. Mackenzie. There was quite a large crowd on the road, but this was some distance from the field, to watch the ceremony of the preliminary drill. Amongst those drilling were the Vicar, Captain Thompson, and Messrs. Barron, T. Scambler, M. G. Edmondson, H. M. F. Hammond, T. Dawson, S. Cox, E. Knight, J. Hodgson, T. McGeoch, T. C. Thompson, J. W. Butterworth, S. H. Willan, B. Hartley, W. Calvert, R. A. Taylor, J. Foster.

Skipton Parliamentary Recruiting Committee.

A meeting of the Skipton Division Parliamentary Recruiting Committee was held on Saturday afternoon in the Overseers' Room, Town Hall, Skipton. Mr. W. Clough, M.P., presided, and there were also present—Mr. R. B. Barrett, Lieut.-Col. H. P. Dawson, Messrs. A. Gunnell, F. Marlor, J. W. Morkill, G. M. Robinson, A. R. Stockdale, and R. Wilson, together with the secretaries (Messrs. A. Broadbent and J. Illingworth). Capt. R. D. Roberts and Col.-Sergt. A. C. Briggs were present as representing the military authorities.

Mr. Barrett reported on behalf of the Meetings Sub-Committee that twelve meetings had recently been held in the Settle Council area, resulting in 37 recruits being at once obtained. Mr. Barrett said that another series of 24 meetings would commence on the 11th inst., to be addressed by speakers from the Central Parliamentary Recruiting Committee, who have already rendered excellent service in this campaign.

Col.-Sergt. Briggs reported that he had secured suitable rooms in Earby, Barnoldswick, and Silsden for recruiting purposes and these were now open daily in charge of properly authorised officials. A supply of attestation forms for both the Territorial Force and Lord Kitchener's Army had been received, so that any recruit may have a free choice as to which branch of the Army he will serve in. It was decided that steps be at once taken to form a Joint Recruiting Committee in each polling district with the view of compiling lists of eligible men who will, as far as possible, be personally interviewed and urged to join the colours.

STAINFORTH.

Recruiting Meeting : Five Married Men Recruits.—On Monday night a well-attended meeting was held in the schoolroom. Mr. Duncan Mackenzie presided. Capts. Groves and Brewin and Second Lieutenants Woodhead and McKillop from Skipton were present. Mr. Bibbings, of Sheffield, made a rousing appeal to the audience to enlist now, not to delay any longer. He made special allusion to the German toast "To-day." "It meant," he said, "the lowering of our good old English flag and the hoisting of the Teuton in its place."—Mr. Simpson said the village had only added one in 75 of the population to the roll of honour.—Mr. Lund, however, pointed out that this was incorrect, and Mr. Simpson readily withdrew the remark.—Mr. Farnsworth spoke on the allowances made to wives and children of those who enlisted; and Captain Groves spoke on the German people and their military advisers.—Five married men volunteered their services.—John Greenbank, James Greenbank, Arthur Greenbank, Henry Lund, and John Lund. These were sworn in and heartily cheered. At intervals patriotic songs were sung by Mr. Thornber, the audience joining in the choruses. In addition to the songs on the sheet, Mr. Thornber sang "The Flag that never comes down," and "Boys in khaki, boys in blue." Mr. Leaworthy accompanied on the piano. The singing of the National Anthem brought a very enthusiastic meeting to a close.



BRITONS !

Your King & Country Need You.

**PARLIAMENTARY RECRUITING COMMITTEE
(SKIPTON DIVISION).**

A PUBLIC MEETING

TO ENCOURAGE ENLISTMENT IN THE ARMY

WILL BE HELD IN THE

**SCHOOL-ROOM, GIGGLESWICK,
On Tuesday, January 12th, 1915,**

When ADDRESSES will be delivered by

Mr. G. H. Bibbings & Mr. J. Farnsworth

Of the Parliamentary Recruiting Committee,

**MR. J. W. MORKILL,
AND OTHERS.**

**Capt. J. Groves, Capt. R. D. Roberts, 2nd-Lieut. Woodhead & 2nd-Lieut. J. M. Somerville
are expected to attend this Meeting.**

*PATRIOTIC SONGS will be rendered by MR. H. EDMONDSON, and
the audience is invited to join in the Choruses.*

THE NATIONAL ANTHEMS OF THE ALLIES will also be sung.

Chair to be taken at 7-30 p.m. by

MR. WM. SIMPSON.

COME IN CROWDS.

SMOKING PERMITTED.

"Craven Herald" Works, High Street, Skipton.







SETTLE
Women's Liberal Association.

A
NEW YEAR PARTY

WILL BE HELD IN THE
LIBERAL CLUB,
ON
FRIDAY, January 15th, 1915,
At SEVEN P.M.

MUSIC, GAMES, and
REFRESHMENTS.

Admission 6d. each.

Proceeds to be given towards the cost of an X RAY
APPARATUS, which has already been despatched to the
Front by the Women's National Liberal Association.

SETTLE WOMEN'S LIBERAL ASSOCIATION

NEW YEAR PARTY

FRIDAY, January 15th, 1915.

The following Artistes have kindly promised
to take part:—

THE "GATTY" QUARTETTE PARTY

Miss E. Haygarth, Miss Leaworthy,
Mr. Milford, Mr. T. Butler.

Miss Thistlethwaite, Mr. J. Haygarth,
Pianist. Violinist.

Mrs. West, Miss Hunt, Mrs. Bannister,
Mr. E. Lord, Mr. R. Sanctuary.

Accompanist - Miss Haygarth.

WAR LECTURE.

A LECTURE

ON

“The Kaiser’s blow at Britain”

OR

“The Fight for the Straits of Dover,”

Prepared by Mr. Wm. Le Queux of the “Daily Mail,” and illustrated by
Eighty lime-light views, will be given by the

Rev. W. E. LINNEY, M.A.,

IN THE

NATIONAL SCHOOL, SETTLE

(The Victoria Hall having been commandeered),

ON

Wednesday, Jan. 13th, 1915.

The Chair will be taken by

J. W. SHEPHERD, ESQ.,

At 7-30 p.m.

ADMISSION:—First Seats, 1/-; Second Seats, 6d.;
Third Seats, 3d.

The Proceeds will be given to the National Relief Fund.

Edmondson & Wilson, Printers, Station Road, Settle.

SETTLE
Women's Liberal Association.

On Tuesday, Jan. 26th, 1915,

Mr. J. J. Brigg

(Prospective Liberal Candidate),

WILL GIVE A

LECTURE

ON

"EGYPT"

(Illustrated by Lantern Slides),

In the **LIBERAL CLUB**, Settle,

At **7-45 p.m.**

The Chair will be taken by Mr. F. MARLOR.

A Collection will be taken during the evening, which will be given to the Young Men's Christian Association, to help in the good work they are doing for our Soldiers and Recruits.



"CASTE."

Cast of Characters:

Hon. George D'Alroy.....	MR. T. L. HETHERINGTON
Captain Hawtree	MR. INGILBY
Eccles.....	MR. E. HANDBY
Sam Gerridge	MR. C. A. MILFORD
Dixon	MR. E. F. ROBERTS
Marquise de St. Maur.....	MISS L. L. ATKINSON
Esther Eccles.....	MISS S. ROBERTS
Polly Eccles	MISS C. INGILBY

ACT I.


The Little House in Stangate	Courtship.
<i>A lapse of eight months.</i>	

ACT II.


The Lodgings in Mayfair	Matrimony.
<i>A lapse of twelve months.</i>	

ACT III.

The Little House in Stangate	Widowhood.
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 There will be intervals of about 10 minutes between the Acts.



 Soldiers' Dresses, Wigs, &c., obtained through MR. JOHN HUNT, Settle.
 Scenery and fittings by MR. E. HANDBY, Settle.

Programme of Music.

FRIDAY NIGHT.

OVERTURE	"Merry Wives of Windsor" ... ..	...	...	...	...
*WALTZ TRISTE ... ..	...	...	...	...	By John Yorke, Esq.
INTERMEZZO	"Demoiselle Chic" ... ..	...	...	...	Fletcher
MARCH	"Old Comrades" ... ..	...	...	...	Teike
PATROL	"The Wee Macgregor" ... ..	...	...	...	Amers

MATINÉE.

OVERTURE	"Marianetten" ... ..	...	...	...	Gurlitt
*WALTZ TRISTE ... ..	...	...	...	...	By John Yorke, Esq.
GAVOTTE	"Le Long du Missonri" ... ..	...	...	...	...
PATROL	"The Wee Macgregor" ... ..	...	...	...	Amers
MARCH	"Father Thames" ... ..	...	...	...	...

SATURDAY NIGHT.

OVERTURE	"Raymond" ... ..	...	...	...	Thomas
*WALTZ TRISTE ... ..	...	...	...	...	By John Yorke, Esq.
INTERMEZZO	"Secrets" ... ..	...	...	...	Arncliffe
MARCH	"Old Comrades" ... ..	...	...	...	Teike
SILHOUETTE DANCE ... ..	...	...	...	...	Adam

* This Waltz, composed by J. C. Yorke, Esq., Halton Place, is on sale, 2/- each, and profits are to go to the War Fund. Copies may be had from Mr. W. Hayner, Settle, or from the Composer.

ORCHESTRA:

Violins—Miss D. Wilson and Messrs. D. Lister, C. Graham, F. Pullan, R. Wilson, J. Haygarth. Viola—Mr. T. Dawson. Cello—Master H. Dawson. Flute—Mr. W. Edmondson. Clarinets—Messrs. Foster and Lister. Bassoons—Messrs. A. T. Bilton and A. E. Knight. Cornet—Mr. W. Brown. Trombone—Mr. A. R. Bilton. Contra Bass—Mr. J. W. Nelson. Piano—Master K. Cardus and Mrs. Yates.

Conductor — Mr. William Horner.

TO-NIGHT

(Friday, February 12th.)

OVERTURE AT 7-45;
CURTAIN AT 8.



TO-NIGHT at 7-45.

Amateur Dramatic Performance.

VICTORIA HALL, SETTLE.

'CASTE'

(A TALE OF THE INDIAN MUTINY),

By T. W. ROBERTSON.

THE CAST INCLUDES:--Miss L. L. Atkinson, Miss C. Ingilby,
Miss S. Roberts, Messrs. Ingilby, E. Handby, C. A. Milford,
and T. L. Hetherington.

Friday & Saturday,

12th and 13th FEBRUARY, 1915.

CURTAIN AT 8.

ALSO

MATINEE on Saturday Afternoon.

Curtain at 2-30.

Proceeds for Local War Funds and Charities.

Doors open at 7-30 each Evening and 2 on Saturday Afternoon.

Early Doors at 7-15 and 1-45, Admission 6d. extra.

CARRIAGES AT 10-30.

DRESS CIRCLE, Reserved, 2/6; UPPER CIRCLE, 1/6 (Reserved 6d. extra); AREA, 1/-; RESERVED AREA, 2/6;

A limited number of Seats, 6d.

Plan of the Hall may be seen and Seats booked at Mr. T. TOMLINSON'S,
Duke Street, Settle, on and after Tuesday, 2nd February.

Edmondson & Wilson, Printers, Station Road, Settle.

Amateur Dramatic Performance.—The Victoria Hall was well filled on Friday and Saturday afternoon and evening for the performance by the Settle Amateurs of "Caste," a three act play by T. W. Robertson. The proceeds are to be devoted to the Local War Relief Funds, Bradford Eye and Ear Hospital, etc. There was one new face to the Settle public, and that was Mr. T. L. Hetherington, who filled the part of the Hon. George D'Alroy with great credit. As Captain Hawtree, Mr. Ingilby was excellent, and both he and Mr. Handby caused much laughter, especially the latter who as "Eccles" was a great success. Sam Gerridge was ably represented by Mr. C. A. Milford, who provided much of the fun of the evening. As Esther Eccles, Miss S. Roberts shewed high capabilities. She put sufficient feeling into the part to make the representation really good. As Polly Eccles Miss Ingilby was again a success, and the part could not have been better portrayed, whilst Miss L. L. Atkinson as Marquise de St. Maur was very efficient, and she personated the part with skill. In fact, the acting of all was very pleasing, and the play although it had been previously staged at Settle by the Amateurs, lost none of its popularity. There was a large orchestra with Mr. Wm. Horner as conductor. They played at each performance "Waltz Triste," by Mr. John O. Yorke, of Halton Place, Hellisfield. The orchestra was composed of the following:—Violins, Miss D. Wilson and Messrs. D. Lister, C. Graham, F. Pullan, R. Wilson, J. Haygarth; viola, Mr. T. Dawson; 'cello, Master H. Dawson; flute, Mr. W. Edmondson; clarionets, Messrs. W. A. Foster and F. Lister; bassoons, Messrs. A. T. Bilton and A. E. Knight; cornet, Mr. W. Brown; trombone, Mr. A. R. Bilton; contra bass, Mr. J. W. Nelson; piano, Master K. Cardus and Mrs. Yates. The dresses, wigs, &c., were obtained through Mr. John Hunt, Settle, and Mr. E. Handby supplied the scenery and fittings.

War Fund.—As a result of the football match played at Settle whilst the Territorials were at home on leave, the sum of £1 10s. has been handed over to the War Relief Fund at Settle.

Primrose League.—A whist drive promoted by the Settle Habitation of the Primrose League was held on Wednesday, the proceeds being given to the "Y.M.C.A. Settle Hut" and the St. John Ambulance Association, and there was a nice balance to hand over. Thirty-five tables were occupied, and the prizes, given by Miss Stunsfeld and Mrs. Birkbeck, were won by—Ladies: Miss Wilman, 2 Mrs. Hesleden, 3 Mrs. H. V. Maudsley; consolation, Mrs. Wilson. Men—Mr. J. Fletcher, 2 Mr. James Bentham, 3 Mr. W. Hayton; consolation, Mr. J. W. Dales.

Police Court.—On Monday before Mr. T. Brayshaw, John Tibbetts was charged with begging at Settle on the previous day. Prisoner was equipped with a complete "tramp's" outfit, but in consideration of his bodily infirmities the magistrate only inflicted a nominal penalty, advising Tibbetts to go to the work-house.

Tradesmen's Association.—At the annual meeting of the Tradesmen's Association in connection with the plate glass insurance scheme, it was decided to make a return of the full premium to the original policy holders. This scheme has been very successful, as at the end of three years 50 per cent. of the premium was returned and now at the end of six years 100 per cent has been returned.

THIS AFTERNOON

(Saturday, February 13th.)

Overture at 2-15; Curtain at 2-30.



TO-NIGHT

Overture at 7-45.

Curtain at 8.

HEROIC DOCTOR.



Dr. D. C. Turnbull, who stayed a day under fire to compress an artery of a brother officer. He was wounded and died the same day.

A Brave Giggleswick Schoolboy.

The death at the Front of Dr. Derwent Christopher Turnbull, the son of Mr. W. T. Turnbull, who recently resided at Bankwell, Giggleswick, is greatly regretted by all who knew him in the district. The deceased attended Giggleswick School from 1906 to 1909, and afterwards went to the Sheffield University as a medical student. At the outbreak of war he joined the Army Medical Corps, and became a lieutenant. The story of how he bravely met his death is reported as follows:—Lieutenant Turnbull learnt about 10 a.m. one day that an officer was lying badly wounded in a trench 400 yards beyond the dressing station. It meant almost certain death to reach him by daylight. However, he took the risk and got there. He found an operation necessary, and he decided to remove the officer, but could not get beyond the communication trench. A heavy German fire was directed at him, and all through that day he lay in the trench compressing an artery of the wounded officer by hand to check the bleeding. As darkness fell, Mr. Turnbull, helped by an orderly, lifted the officer and started the perilous journey. He got his patient through, but in doing so he received a shot through the lung, from which he died. Reference to his bravery was made in Settle Church on Sunday last, and many newspaper comments have been made. Much sympathy, in which we join, is felt for the family.

**CHURCH OF ENGLAND
TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.**

. A .
~ LIME-LIGHT ~
LECTURE

BY THE
REV. JAMES BELL

(Diocesan Organizing Secretary of the C.E.T.S.),

WILL BE GIVEN ON

“The War : Our Duty,”

IN THE
SETTLE NATIONAL SCHOOL,
ON

Monday, March 15th, 1915,

At 7-30 p.m.

ADMISSION FREE.

There will be a Collection (after defraying expenses)
in aid of the Police Court Mission.

Edmondson & Wilson, Printers, Station Road, Settle.

VICTORIA HALL, SETTLE.



TWO POPULAR LECTURES

In connection with the present crisis
will be given in the above Hall, on

Monday Evenings, March 8th & 22nd,

BY

Mr. E. L. S. Horsburgh, B.A.

(Staff Lecturer, Oxford University Extension).

Chair to be taken at 7-45 p.m., by Mr. R. N. DOUGLAS, of Giggleswick School.

Lecture I.—March 8th.

The Indirect Causes of the War.
The Spirit of Germany To-day.

Lecture II.—March 22nd.

The Direct Diplomatic Causes of the War.
The Cause for which we are fighting.

Reserved Seats 4/- for the two lectures; 2/6 for single lecture. Entrance 1/-, 6d., & 3d. each lecture.

Tickets may be obtained at Mr. J. W. Lambert's, or from Miss Pickard, Overdale School, Settle.

PROCEEDS TO BE GIVEN TO THE WAR FUNDS.

J. W. Lambert, Printer, Cheapside, Settle.









Parish Meeting.—The annual parish meeting was held in the National School on Wednesday night, Mr. Thomas Bradley, chairman of the Parish Council occupying the chair. There were about 70 parishioners present. Mr. Bradley gave a resume of the past year's work of the Parish Council. With regard to the footbridge at Runely, Mr. A. Stockil asked what had been done with the money which had been collected and the amount.—The Chairman said it was in the Bank and that it, along with promised donations, would amount to £57.—The Chairman explained that the cost of materials to build the bridge had doubled, and he thought it would be a good thing to leave the matter until more settled times. After further discussion Mr. G. Horner proposed that the building of the footbridge stand over until times of greater prosperity and this was seconded by Mr. J. W. Dales and carried.—A discussion then followed as to the lighting of the streets.—Mr. Foxcroft said that the Chairman, in his opening remarks had said that the Council had approached the Gas Company for a reduction in the price of gas for street lighting. "You will not require that now," said Mr. Foxcroft.—The Chairman explained that at a few minutes' notice the Lighting Committee had been called together to consider the Defence of the Realm Act, and the Committee, after carefully considering the matter, decided that they postpone the lighting of the streets for an indefinite period. When the lights were first put out the moon was giving its light and they never lit the lamps when it was moonlight. On being asked what would have been the cost of darkening the tops of the lamps, the Chairman said he thought about 30s.—Mr. J. W. Dales said that the lighting rate had been collected and the ratepayers had a right of illumination. They had lights at Giggleswick, why could they not have them at Settle. There was no more chance of an invasion from the Germans at Settle than there was at Giggleswick.—Mr. T. Brayshaw said he had an old lamp, a relic of the time when the Parish Council tried to light the streets with oil lamps; he was now going to put an empty gas burner alongside it and label it "the effort of the Settle Parish Council to light the streets in 1915."—Mr. J. W. Dales proposed that the tops of the lamps be darkened and that the streets be again lighted, and he trusted that it be done as expeditiously as possible. This was seconded by Mr. J. L. Brayshaw and carried.—Mr. J. W. Dales then brought forward the matter of what he considered the inadequate payment of the water rate collector of Settle (Mr. G. Horner). He said that the work had increased threefold whilst the pay was as when Mr. Horner commenced, and he considered that Mr. Horner should be paid a decent salary.—Mr. Horner said he thanked Mr. Dales, but the Parish Council had nothing to do with his appointment.—Mr. Dales asked if there were any District Councillors present, but there were none.—Mr. Horner explained that he got £5 for Giggleswick and £15 for Settle for collecting the water rates. In the olden days, when Mr. Lister was the secretary of the old Company he got £10 per annum for 240 collections, whereas he (Mr. Horner) got £15 for something like 1,600 collections.—Mr. Dales then proposed that the recommendation from the Parish Meeting be sent to the District Council, that in the opinion of the Parish Meeting Mr. George Horner was inadequately paid, and that his salary should be increased. This was seconded by Mr. T. Simpson and carried.

THE SETTLE COMPANY'S RETURN.

Captain Tunstill and the Settle contingent of "A" Company, 10th West Riding Regiment, returned on Wednesday, the 23rd December, to Oudenarde Barracks, Aldershot, after a week's leave. Everyone was proud and delighted to see how fit and well they were all looking, in spite of a strenuous time and hard work. They were given a good send off by their various friends.

They took with them large sacks of Christmas gifts to be distributed on Christmas Day, and thanks to the help and kindness of friends Mrs. H. G. Tunstill was able to collect sufficient warm knitted articles, in addition to other gifts, to not only provide the Settle recruits with a parcel containing a body belt (or other knitted thing), handkerchief, socks (from Mrs. Sharp), cigarettes, chocolates, toilet soap, tobacco, and spice or Christmas cake, but to give a similar parcel to each of the other 180 men who belong to "A" Company. The following is the list of gifts sent:—

The teachers and children of Airtou Council School: 8 pairs of socks, 6 belts, 6 mufflers.

Mrs. H. G. Tunstill (Otterburn): 20 socks, 30 mittens, 3 belts, 13 mufflers, 10 pairs of gloves, 96 handkerchiefs, 96 pieces toilet soap, 1,200 cigarettes, 96 packets of chocolate, and a Christmas card for each man.

Mr. and Mrs. Sharp (Otterburn): 86 pairs of socks.

Mrs. Yorke (Halton Place): 25 mittens, 10 belts.

Mrs. Francis Parker (Waddington): One pair of socks, 3 mittens, 7 belts, 4 mufflers, 1 pair knee caps.

Mrs. Ecroyd (Armathwaite): 22 socks, 17 mittens, 4 belts, 15 shirts, 36 handkerchiefs, 500 cigarettes, 2lbs. tobacco, 24 tins boracic ointment, 24 tins vaseline.

Mrs. King Wilkinson—the Slaithburn Working Party: 28 belts.

The Misses Hammond (Arncliffe): 3 mittens, 7 belts.

Mrs. Illingworth (Haulith): 65 belts.

Mrs. Hubbard (Settle): 3 pairs socks.

Mrs. Atkinson (Settle): 1 pair socks, 1 pair mittens, 1 muffle r.

Mr. Norman Illingworth (Woking): 20lbs. tobacco.

PARISH COUNCIL.—The monthly meeting was held on Monday; present—Messrs. T. Bradley (in the chair), R. Batty, A. Bullock, A. R. Bilton, J. Hancock, F. J. Kelly, E. Lord, J. Redmayne, and H. Simpson, with the clerk (Mr. R. W. Garner).—Mr. P. M. Ralph wrote resigning his position as a Parish Councillor, and the same was accepted.—A letter was read from Mr. W. Stuart (highway surveyor) asking the Council if they wished any district roads tarspraying, but after consideration it was decided that there were none.—It was decided to have the annual assembly of the Parish Council on Monday, March 15th, at 8 p.m.—The following persons made application for the post of clerk to the Parish Council:—Messrs. H. Bolt, Market Place, Settle, Maurice Bentham, 8, Mains View, Settle, William A. Judge, High Street, Skipton, Fred Lord, Victoria Street, Settle, and P. M. Ralph, Bank Buildings, Settle. Voting was by ballot, and Mr. H. Bolt received the greatest number. On the proposition of Mr. R. Lord, seconded by Mr. R. Batty, he was unanimously appointed. There was great competition for the position of assistant overseer. The following are the names of the applicants:—Francis Gill, Litton, assistant overseer; John H. Wood, Craven Cottages, Settle, insurance agent; Wm. Lambert, 5, West View, Settle, printer; Jabez Dugdale, South Parade, Settle, auctioneer; Fred Burton, Batty Croft, Settle, coach painter; Matthew Graham, High Street, Settle, draper; Rawson Sanctuary, Green Head, Settle, insurance agent; William A. Judge, High Street, Skipton, accountant; Robert Dale, Fern Cottage, Settle, picture palace proprietor; Robert F. Jones, The Orchard, Bare, Morecambe, fruit grower; James Butler, East View, Settle, plumber; and Thomas Foster, Chapel Square, Settle, painter. After a very close fight Mr. J. H. Wood, by one vote, just beat Mr. F. Gill, and on the proposition of Mr. R. Lord, seconded by Mr. J. Hancock, Mr. Wood was unanimously appointed assistant overseer.—The question of Watery Lane was again brought forward, and not being satisfied that the District Council had no power over the same, it was decided to refer the matter to them, and that Section 25 (4) of the Parish Councils Act be brought before their notice.—The Lighting Committee of the Parish Council having received a police notice to darken the tops of the lamps, have decided to close the lighting season for an indefinite period. Thus Settle at night is in total darkness.

SOLDIERS AND DRINKING.

CONFERENCE OF WEST RIDING AUTHORITIES.

SUGGESTED UNIFORMITY OF CLOSING HOUR.

Yesterday, at the County Hall, Wakefield, Major T. H. Morris (Chairman of the West Riding Standing Joint Committee) presided at a conference of Lord Mayors, Mayors, Chief Constables, and Chairmen of several Benches in the Riding to consider the question of restricting the sale of intoxicating liquor. The conference was convened by the Standing Joint Committee, who have expressed the view that action by the Licensing Justices of any division or town under the Intoxicating Liquor (Temporary Restriction) Act, 1914, must often be ineffective unless corresponding steps are taken in neighbouring places; hence the need for considering concerted action. More than fifty representatives of different authorities in the Riding were present, and there was a good deal of keen discussion as to the need for action.

Mr. J. W. Morkill (chairman of the Skipton and Skyrack Divisions) proposed the following resolution:—“That, in the opinion of this Conference, it is expedient that orders should be made suspending the sale of the consumption of intoxicating liquors in licensed premises, and the supply or consumption of intoxicating liquors in any registered club between the hours of 9 p.m. and 8.30 a.m.” He admitted that the question was a difficult one, but the outstanding consideration was that two evils attended the supply of drink to soldiers—the worship of Bacchus and the fascination of Venus, and the two were related because if a man was full of drink woman was a greater temptation to him than if he were not. It seemed to him that the West Riding ought not to be backward in taking precautions so that the soldiers might have a better chance of keeping themselves fit for the responsible duties which they would be called upon to perform. With regard to the evil of drinking by women, he thought it could not be doubted that it did to some extent exist among those who were suddenly placed in control of more money than they were accustomed to possess. He added that he had a list of 70 places in which earlier closing hours had been adopted.

The Chairman remarked that whereas the prosecutions for drunkenness in the West Riding for the three months ending November 30 in 1912 numbered 2,976, and 2,162 in 1913, they numbered only 1,980 during the same period in 1914.

THE DECREASE OF DRUNKENNESS.

Alderman F. W. Pease (Pontefract) said in spite of the great influx of recruits at Pontefract, drunkenness in that town had decreased. Originally the closing hour was nine o'clock; then it was modified to ten o'clock, and the result was generally satisfactory. His own view was that the magistrates in each locality ought to be left to judge as to the local requirements. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Dewhurst (Garforth), in seconding the resolution, insisted on the need for uniformity, and pointed out that it was unfair that because the Sheffield public-houses, for instance, closed at 9.30, the neighbouring town of Rotherham should supply the opportunity for people who wanted to drink after that hour.

Mr. W. F. Tempest (chairman of the West Riding Bench at Pontefract) said it was not only a question of trying to prevent drunkenness, but of preventing people from indulging in a terrible waste of money. There was undoubtedly great drunkenness among the soldiers, but there were not many prosecutions because the police

Alderman Gummer (Kornerham), who said three of his sons had joined the colours, protested against the suggestion that the proportion of drunkenness among soldiers was greater than among other classes. There was drunkenness everywhere—among the aristocracy, in the gentlemen's clubs, as well as among the poor. It was an insult to say that soldiers generally celebrated the occasion of meeting their friends by getting drunk. The type of men in the new army was surely not such that we could say they were not fit to look after themselves. He was in favour of a moderate order to obtain uniformity.

The Mayor of Batley (Alderman Turner) moved an amendment that "after the hour of 10 p.m. should be substituted for the words, "between the hours of 9 p.m. and 8.30 a.m." In Batley, he said, the figures for drunkenness were 66 per cent. lower than in the corresponding time last year, but his candid opinion was that the present circumstances called for a little self-sacrifice on the part of the people who remained at home as well as on the part of those who had joined the colours. He understood that with regard to closing hours in the morning against women that could not be done without the sanction of the Home Office, and he hoped that would be dropped. He was anxious that they should act without bothering McKenna, who seemed bothered enough already with the bit of a job he had to do. (Laughter and hear, hear.) Moreover, he thought the report made by Mr. James Graham to the Leeds Relief Committee as to the conduct of the wives of men in the Army was a sufficient answer to the charges against them of exceptional drinking. As to the soldiers, he had seen many thousands of them in the last few months, and he had not seen much drunkenness.

Among others who spoke of appreciable diminution in the figures for drunkenness in their respective districts was the Mayor of Harrogate (Alderman Sheffield), who said the Licensing Justices of Harrogate, where there were already 3,000 soldiers, had no evidence before them to warrant their interference with the existing hours of closing.

RIPON'S DIFFICULT PROBLEM.

The Mayor of Ripon (Mr. E. Taylor), on the other hand, said the Ripon Council, whom he had called together to discuss the matter, were almost unanimously in favour of a nine o'clock closing hour. Ripon was to be a great military centre, for within the last few days he had received information from the War Office that 40,000 troops were to be quartered in Ripon and the immediate vicinity, 2,200 of whom were to be billeted before Wednesday. Every officer to whom he had spoken had been in favour of an early closing hour. It was also the experience in the Ripon district that the women had not in all cases used wisely the money over which they now had control.

Sir George Fisher Smith (Halifax) said there was some confirmation of the report that there was a good deal of drinking among women, and that it took place chiefly in the morning.

The Mayor of Huddersfield (Alderman Blamires) said the Huddersfield justices had come to the conclusion that it was not advisable to make any alteration there yet; there was a decrease generally in drunkenness, and investigation had not revealed any exceptional drinking among women. If the question was pressing, the Government ought to decide as to the hours of restriction. (Hear, hear.)

Alderman Raley (Barnsley), who was wearing an officer's uniform, remarked that men who came before the military authorities for drunkenness were far more drastically dealt with than by the Civil Court. Everybody knew that if people met a man in uniform they were ready to stand him a drink. It was his experience—(laughter)—as well as the men's.

Mr. W. A. Whitehead (Bradford) said the condition of things there was absolutely normal, and the Chief Constable reported to the magistrates that the military authorities were quite satisfied as to the general sobriety of the soldiers. An arrangement had been come to with the licensed victuallers not to serve soldiers with drink after ten o'clock.

Mr. Stocks (Brighouse) said it was not for the average British soldier that they had to make special restrictions, but for the large minority who did not seem to have the power of resisting temptation.

The Chairman pointed out that no resolution could be binding on the various Benches of Magistrates. The Conference had no authority beyond that of making suggestions.

Mr. Morkill explained that nothing had been further from his thoughts than to cast a slur upon the soldiers or the women. He only wanted to save them from what might prove a snare.

In the end a resolution was carried in the terms of the amendment proposed by the Mayor of Batley. A proposal to communicate with the Home Office was not persisted in.

J. H. VANT,
SOLICITOR.
COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS,
MAGISTRATES CLERK &c.

Settle.

15th February, 1915

Dear Sir,

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION OF STAINCLIFFE WEST
INTOXICATING LIQUOR (TEMPORARY RESTRICTION) ACT, 1914.

In accordance with a Requisition received from the Chief Constable of the West Riding I beg to convene a Meeting of the Justices to be holden at the Court House, in Settle, at 12 o'clock at noon, on Tuesday, the 23rd instant, to consider a recommendation of the said Chief Constable that the sale, supply or consumption of intoxicating liquors on the premises of any person holding any retailer's licence in the said Division and in any registered Club in the said Division shall be suspended from 9 o'clock every evening until the hour in the following morning when premises licensed for the sale of intoxicating liquors within the said Division are permitted to be open for the sale of such liquors (with an exception in favour of bona fide residents of such licensed premises or of registered Clubs); also to make any such Order upon such recommendation as may be then determined upon.

Yours truly,

J. H. Vant,

Clerk to the Justices.



IN THE WEST RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF YORK,

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION OF STAINCLIFFE WEST.

TO each and every person holding any Retailer's Licence or Licences in the said Division and to the Secretaries and all other Officers of all Registered Clubs in the said Division and to all other persons whom it may concern.

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of February, 1915, at a Special Meeting called for the purpose, under and by virtue of the provisions of the Intoxicating Liquor (Temporary Restriction) Act, 1914, the Licensing Justices for the said Division upon the recommendation of the Chief Officer of Police of the said Division that it was desirable for the maintenance of order or the suppression of drunkenness in the said Division temporarily to restrict the sale and consumption of intoxicating liquor, and the said Licensing Justices thinking fit so to do did in pursuance of Section 1 of the said Act, **order** that the sale or consumption of intoxicating liquor on the premises of each and every person holding any Retailer's Licence or Licences and the supply or consumption of intoxicating liquor in each and every Registered Club in the said Division should be suspended while the said Order is in operation from 9 o'clock every evening until 6 a.m. on the following day being a weekday and 12-30 p.m. on the following day being a Sunday, and that such Order should take effect as from and including MONDAY, the FIRST DAY of MARCH, 1915, and should remain in operation until varied or discharged by due course of Law, and should be subject to the following conditions and exceptions, viz.:—that it should not prohibit the sale to or the consumption of intoxicating liquor by any bonâ fide residents in any of the said licensed premises or the supply or consumption of intoxicating liquor to or by any bonâ fide residents in any of such Registered Clubs respectively, nor should it apply to the Refreshment Rooms at the Hellifield Railway Station in the said Division.

The penalty for any breach of the Order is a fine not exceeding £50.

J. H. Vant,

Clerk to the said Licensing Justices.

SETTLE, 23RD FEBRUARY, 1915.

News has come to hand that Captain Stackhouse, son of the late Major Stackhouse, of Inglefield Hall, Settle, was killed in action on Friday last. He was commissioned to the Lancashire Fusiliers eleven years ago, and served at Tipperary with the 4th Battalion. On the disbandment under the Haldane scheme, he was posted to the first battalion at Malta, from which he was specially promoted to the Sherwood Foresters eight years ago. He was attached to the Royal Berkshire Regiment for active service.

Local War Funds.—These funds have benefited from the performance of "Caste" to the extent of £10, and from Mr. E. L. S. Horsburgh's lectures to the extent of £5.

Education.—At the Settle District Sub-Committee on Tuesday, Mr. W. Rhodes in the chair, mention was made of children of five years of age or thereabouts commencing school directly after the Easter Holidays so as to put in a full year's work, and it was hoped the parents would take note of this.

The War's Toll.—The death was announced last week of Lieut. K. Musgrave the son of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. J. Musgrave, who at one time resided at Abbeylands, Stackhouse. Lieut. Musgrave had only been a short time at the Front. The last three officers connected with Settle, who have died for their country, all resided at one time at Abbeylands, Stackhouse—Captain Stackhouse, Dr. Turnbull, and Lieut. Musgrave.

A SETTLE CAPTAIN KILLED.

Captain W. Thomas Stackhouse, of the Sherwood Foresters, whose death is announced among the casualties this week, was the elder son of the late Major Stackhouse, of Ingfield Hall, Settle, and Mrs. Stackhouse, of Casterton Grange, Kirkby Lonsdale. In 1906 he was given a lieutenancy in the 2nd Sherwood Foresters, and was eventually promoted to a captaincy. He proceeded to the front on November 4th, since which date he has been frequently in action.

DEATHS.

CARTMAN.—March 15th, at Wells House, Idle, Bradford, aged 16, Robert Edward Cartman.

HARTLEY.—March 17th, at 14, Greenfield View, Skipton, aged 27, John Hartley.

JACKMAN.—March 7th, at 87, Castle Street, Skipton, aged 46, Mary Mills Jackman.

JONES.—March 11th, at Green Lane, Glusburn, in her 66th year, Hannah Jones.

ROBINSON.—March 17th, at 40, Pembroke Street, Skipton, Jane, widow of John Robinson, and third daughter of the late Dr. Altham, of Settle. Will be interred at the Friends' Burial Ground, Settle, Saturday Noon, March 20th. pp120

SHUTTLEWORTH. — March 18th, at 2, Neville Street, Skipton, Margaret Ann, widow of the late Leland Shuttleworth, of Skipton, in her 79th year. pp123

SHUTTLEWORTH. — March 14th, at 25, George Street, Skipton, aged 70, Martha Agnes Booth Shuttleworth.

STANFIELD.—March 12th, at 21, Kirkgate, Silsden, in his 77th year, Benjamin Stanfield.

STACKHOUSE.—Killed in action, in France, on the 12th March, 1915, in the 32nd year of his age, Captain William Thomas Stackhouse, of the "Sherwood Foresters," eldest son of the late Major Stackhouse, J.P., of Ingfield Hall, Settle, and Mrs. Stackhouse, of The Grange, Casterton, Kirkby Lonsdale, and the loved and loving husband of Theodora Charlotte Stackhouse, of "Lagina," Suffolk Road, Bournemouth 725

The Late Capt. Stackhouse, of Settle.

Last week the sad news was received at Settle that Captain W. T. Stackhouse, of the Sherwood Foresters, had been killed in action on the 12th inst., near Neuve Chapelle. Captain Stackhouse was the elder son of the late Major Stackhouse, of Ingfield Hall, Settle, and Mrs. Stackhouse, of Casterton Grange, Kirkby Lonsdale. He was born in 1883, and educated at Harrow and Sandhurst, whence he gained a commission in the 4th Lancashire Fusiliers. When the latter regiment was disbanded in 1906 he was offered a lieutenancy in the 2nd Sherwood Foresters (Notts and Derby). He received his captaincy in 1913. Before going to the Front in October, 1914, he was adjutant to the 10th Battalion. He was an officer whose cheery and kindly nature made him extremely popular with the men who served under him. He was a keen sportsman, polo, shooting, and motoring being amongst his favourite pursuits. His younger brother, Lieut. J. Stackhouse, was also in the Sherwood Foresters, and sailed last week to join Captain Stackhouse in active military duty at the Front, the time of his departure being earlier than the arrival of the news of Captain Stackhouse's death. The deceased officer married in 1912 Theodora Charlotte, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Norrington, of Abbotsfield, Plymouth. He was the owner of considerable estate in Settle and immediate neighbourhood, and his death plunges one of the oldest families in the district into mourning.

BRIEF BIOGRAPHIES.

Below will be found biographical details of officers who are officially or unofficially reported dead or wounded:—

Captain W. T. Stackhouse, who is among the killed, was a son of the late Major Stackhouse, of Inglefield Hall, Settle. He was commissioned to the Lancashire Fusiliers eleven years ago and served at Tipperary with the 4th Battalion. On their disbandment under Lord Haldane's scheme he was posted to the 1st Battalion at Malta, from which he was specially promoted to the Sherwood Foresters eight years ago. He served with the 2nd Battalion at Kinsale, Aldershot, Plymouth, and Sheffield, and was a prominent member of the Plymouth Polo Club. He was attached to the Royal Berkshire Regiment for active service.